



West
Yorkshire
Combined
Authority

Tracy
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Mayor of
West Yorkshire



West Yorkshire Housing Strategy 2040

Spring 2024

Contents

Contents.....	2
Foreword.....	3
Executive Summary	4
Introduction	5
The role of the West Yorkshire Combined Authority.....	5
Housing in West Yorkshire in 2024	7
Joining up our spatial ambitions.....	10
Bradford.....	11
Calderdale.....	12
Kirklees.....	13
Leeds.....	14
Wakefield.....	15
Guiding Principles	16
Sustainability	16
Equality and inclusive growth	16
Objective 1: Boosting the supply of the right homes in the right places	17
Rationale	17
Outcomes	20
Objective 2: Increasing the provision of truly affordable, accessible and adaptable homes.....	21
Rationale	21
Outcomes	24
Objective 3: Improving the quality of our existing homes	25
Rationale	25
Outcomes	28
Objective 4: Creating resilient places that support the wellbeing of our residents.....	29
Rationale	29
Outcomes	32
Appendix 1 - Delivering our objectives.....	33
Objective 1: Boosting the supply of the right homes in the right places.....	33
Objective 2: Improving the provision of truly affordable and adaptable homes.....	36
Objective 3: Improving the quality of our existing homes	39
Objective 4: Creating places that support the wellbeing of our residents	43
Appendix 2 – Measuring our performance	46
Glossary.....	48
References.....	49

Foreword



Mission statement

Our ambition is to create safe and inclusive places to live that meet the needs of our residents. We will do this by working with our partners to deliver sustainable and affordable homes in well-connected communities where people choose to live. Ensuring that West Yorkshire is a place we are proud to call home.

[Mayoral foreword to be inserted pending endorsement by Place, Regeneration and Housing Committee]

Executive Summary



OBJECTIVE 1

Boosting the supply of the right homes in the right places



OBJECTIVE 2

Increasing the provision of truly affordable, accessible and adaptable homes



OBJECTIVE 3

Improving the quality of our existing homes



OBJECTIVE 4

Creating resilient places that support the wellbeing of our residents

Sustainability – create and grow sustainable and well-connected neighbourhoods contributing to the region's net zero carbon ambitions.

Equality and Inclusive Growth – diverse housing offer across the region, reflecting and responding to the needs and well-being of our communities.

[Executive Summary to be inserted pending endorsement by Place, Regeneration and Housing Committee]

Introduction

West Yorkshire is home to over 2.35 million people, comprising nearly a million households. All our cities and towns have distinctive strengths built from their communities, heritage, character, industries and cultural assets. Collectively, these places provide the homes, communities and opportunities for employment and recreation upon which our residents build their lives.

Housing is a key contributor to health and wellbeing, economic activity and quality of life across the region. The sufficient supply of adaptable, good quality, affordable housing is essential to securing the prosperity of our region. This document is the first regional Housing Strategy adopted across West Yorkshire, and sets out our mission to create safe and inclusive places across its four objectives:

OBJECTIVE 1: Boosting the supply of the right homes in the right places.

OBJECTIVE 2: Increasing the provision of truly affordable, accessible and adaptable homes.

OBJECTIVE 3: Improving the quality of our existing homes.

OBJECTIVE 4: Creating resilient places that support the well-being of our residents.

Our work towards each of our objectives is underpinned by two guiding principles: [sustainability](#) and [equality and inclusive growth](#). Each objective within the strategy is divided into two parts. The first, **rationale**, brings together the evidence base we have built on the challenges our region faces within the scope of that objective. The second part of each objective uses this evidence base to establish **outcomes** that we will work towards, setting out in broad terms what we would like to achieve through our activity and that of our partners. We will also develop a set of [measures](#) to keep us on track to achieve our objectives by 2040.

The role of the West Yorkshire Combined Authority

The West Yorkshire Combined Authority brings together the local authorities of Bradford, Calderdale, Kirklees, Leeds and Wakefield. Since its inception in 2014, the Combined Authority has developed and implemented programmes of support and investment in housing across the region, including the Local Growth Fund and more recently the Brownfield Housing Fund, and has engaged actively with the private sector and local authorities to accelerate housing delivery.

Our initial policy position was established in the Housing and Regeneration Strategy 2014 and built on in the Leeds City Region Housing Vision 2019. Since the Housing Vision was established, the Combined Authority has seen significant changes including securing the 2020 devolution deal and electing the first Mayor of West Yorkshire, as well as national policy and market shifts that have had a huge impact on our operating environment.

In addition, the Mayor and five West Yorkshire local authority leaders launched the [West Yorkshire Plan 2040](#) in June 2023. The West Yorkshire Plan sets out the collective ambitions of the Combined Authority and local authorities across five missions that, together, aim to achieve the vision for 'a brighter West Yorkshire'.

The West Yorkshire Housing Strategy presents a regional trajectory to 2040, which enables and adds value to the work of our five local authority partners, and links to our wider focus on inclusive growth, sustainability, equality, diversity and inclusion.



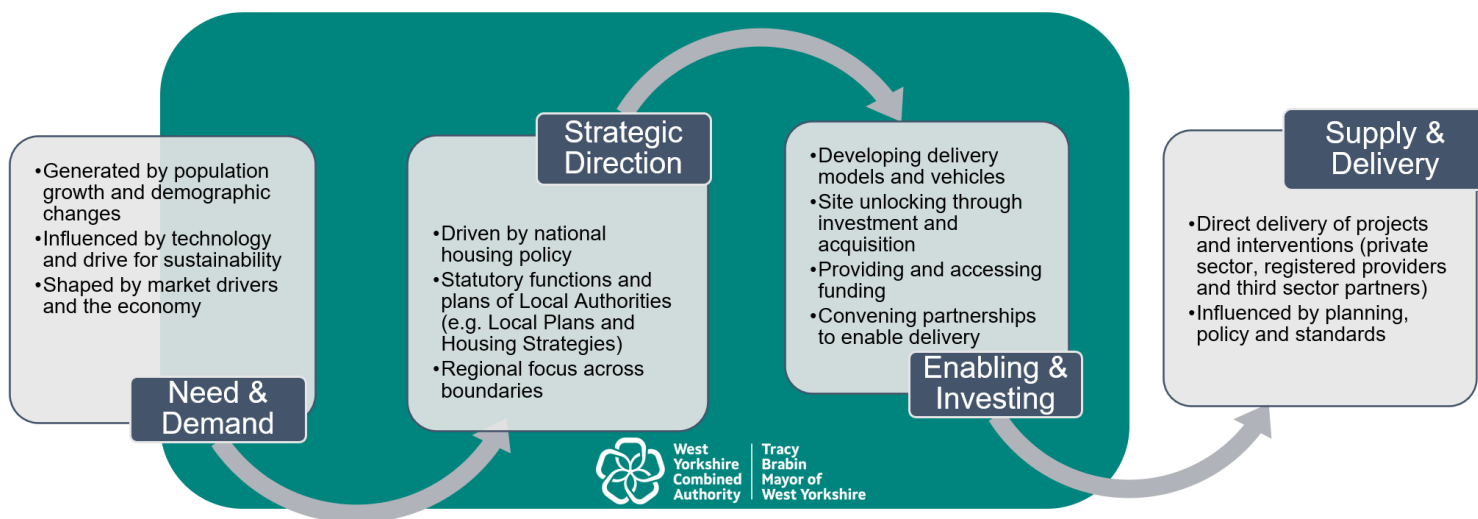
Our impact to date

We have developed a strong track record for delivery across the region. Through our work to-date, we have:

- As a region **delivered over 1,500 affordable homes in 2022/23** – the highest number of affordable housing completions in West Yorkshire since 2010.
- Established a landmark **Strategic Place Partnership** with Homes England, identifying our priority areas for housing-led growth and regeneration with the capacity to deliver over 40,000 homes by 2040.
- Built a **strong network of housing associations and local authorities** through the [West Yorkshire Housing Partnership](#), who collectively provide a fifth of all homes across the region, with a focus on delivering more affordable homes, regenerating communities, combatting homelessness, advancing our low carbon ambitions and supporting health and prosperity through housing.
- Demonstrated our ability to deliver at pace through the **Brownfield Housing Fund that will see 5,400 new homes developed** on underused brownfield land previously a blight on our communities.
- Invested in resource and capacity across all five West Yorkshire local authorities to support the development of housing projects that will help **enable to delivery of over 22,000 homes** in the region.
- Supported the retrofitting of over **3,200 social homes to improve their energy efficiency**.

Our future role

The devolution deal and the election of the first Mayor of West Yorkshire in May 2021 cemented a regional ambition for delivering sustainable and affordable housing, but the Combined Authority forms only one part of the housing system essential to deliver on this ambition.



This West Yorkshire Housing Strategy articulates the **need and demand** for a good quality, truly affordable and adaptable housing offer across the region. Through this strategy, we outline at a Combined Authority level the outcomes we collectively want to achieve across West Yorkshire and our actions and plans to get there. We recognise that as a public body, we cannot achieve our mission alone, but it is essential that we set a **strategic direction** for housing delivery and improvement across our region, so that our partners can work together to **deliver** for the people of West Yorkshire. We will **enable** this by collaborating with and convening partners to create networks of opportunity, using our tools, flexibilities and powers to support local authorities to deliver and unlock sites and systems where the market is not serving the needs of our people. We will leverage in additional funding to **invest** in homes for the future across West Yorkshire.

The Combined Authority will continue to develop its understanding of what is needed across all of our diverse communities to improve the quality of new and existing homes and meet our net-zero carbon ambitions. We will report on our performance against our objectives in a transparent manner using clear performance measures, which we have started to outline in [Appendix 2](#). We will demonstrate, to central government and other stakeholders, the scale of housing delivery and improvement potential across West Yorkshire through our activity. Through our track record of strong delivery across our region, we will continue to make a bold case for increased devolution and funding flexibilities tailored to meet local needs.

Housing in West Yorkshire in 2024

Population trends

The population of West Yorkshire increased by over 125,000 between 2011 and 2021, representing a 5.6% increase.¹ Despite having a higher proportion of young people than England as a whole, in line with national trends, West Yorkshire has an ageing population. During the same period, the population aged 65 and over grew by nearly 19%.² The 2021 Census recorded just under 1 in 5 households as couples with dependent children and around 8% of households as lone parents with dependent children.³ Population growth dictates both the supply, type, and tenure of new homes we need as a region, forming the basis on which our strategy is developed.

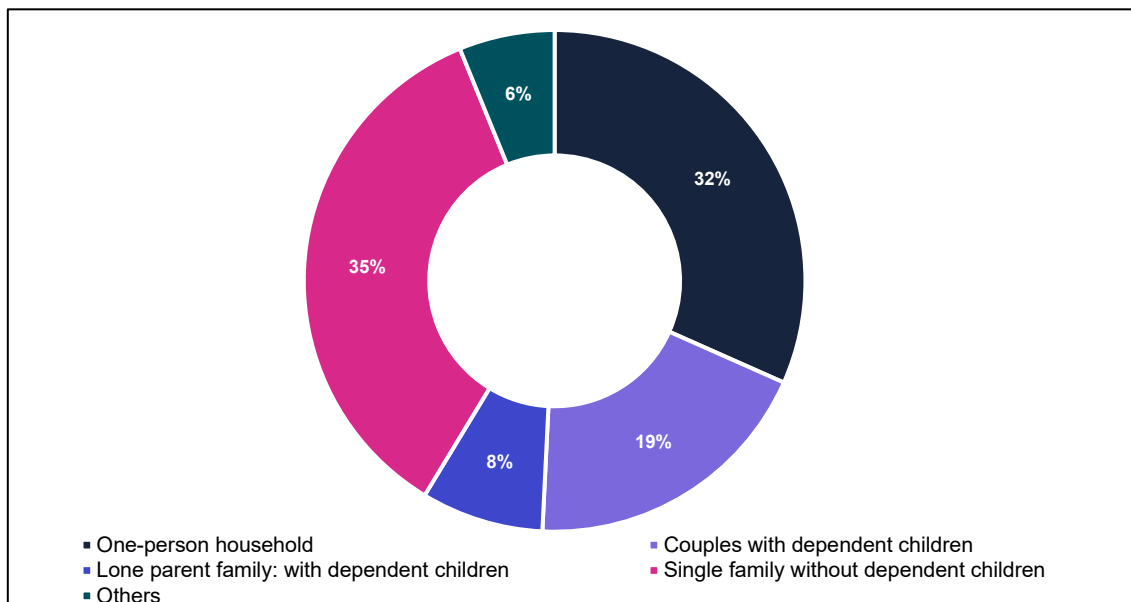


Figure 1 Household Composition - West Yorkshire
Source: Census 2021

Housing market trends

Across West Yorkshire, there are 972,900 households, an increase of 50,400 (5%) between 2011 and 2021.⁴ In terms of the type of home these households occupy, 83% of dwellings are houses, with an additional 13% of the housing stock consisting of purpose-built flats or tenements.⁵

The latest available data reveals that the median regional house price was £190,000 for the year ending March 2023. Between March 2022 and 2023, the median house price in England increased by 5.5%, whilst the median house price in West Yorkshire increased by 4.1%. Over the 15 years between March 2008 and March 2023, median house prices across West Yorkshire have increased by 40.7%, which is lower than the national average (55%).⁶ These regional differences in price growth do not, however, mean that housing is necessarily more affordable in West Yorkshire because of wider cost-of-living and affordability pressures that impact our region disproportionately.

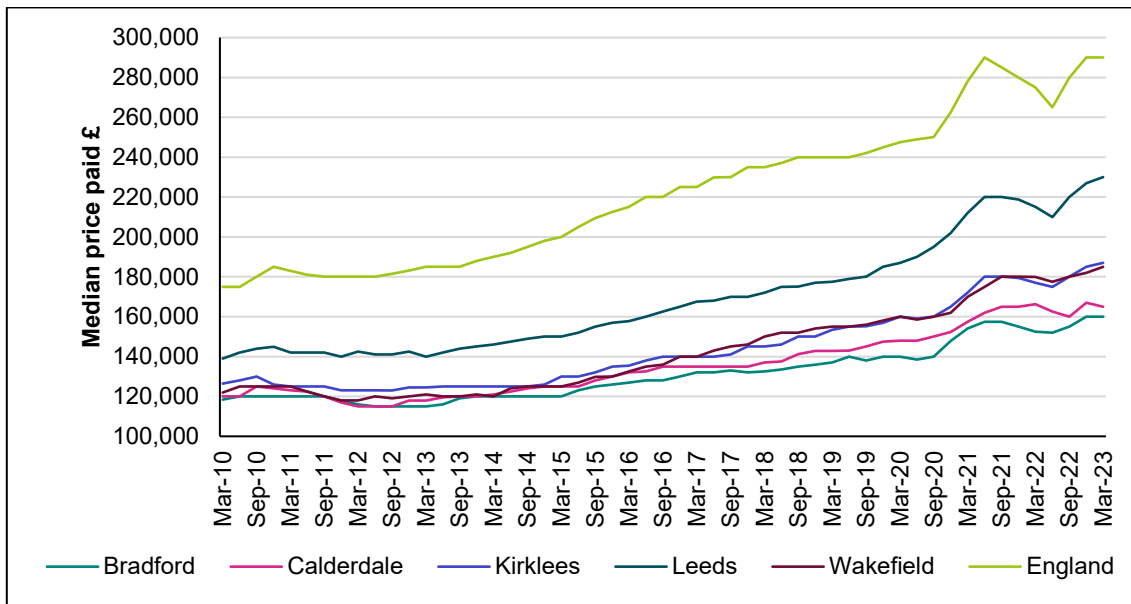


Figure 2 Median House Prices - 2010 - 2023
 Source: ONS House Price Statistics for Small Areas

Levels of renting and home ownership have also changed significantly over time across our region. In line with national trends, home ownership rose significantly in the period up to the 2008 Global Financial Crisis, largely driven by the increased availability of mortgage lending and the significant impact of the Right to Buy. These measures have led to the transfer of social housing into the owner-occupier and private rental sectors. One of the most notable developments across our region, again in line with national trends, has been the growth of the private rented sector. The relative size of the private rented and owner-occupier sectors in West Yorkshire align with national trends, with social rented homes similarly continuing to reduce as a proportion of our region’s housing stock. The private rented sector now plays a significant role in providing homes for residents of West Yorkshire, with more than 1 in 5 of our residents now occupying a privately rented home.

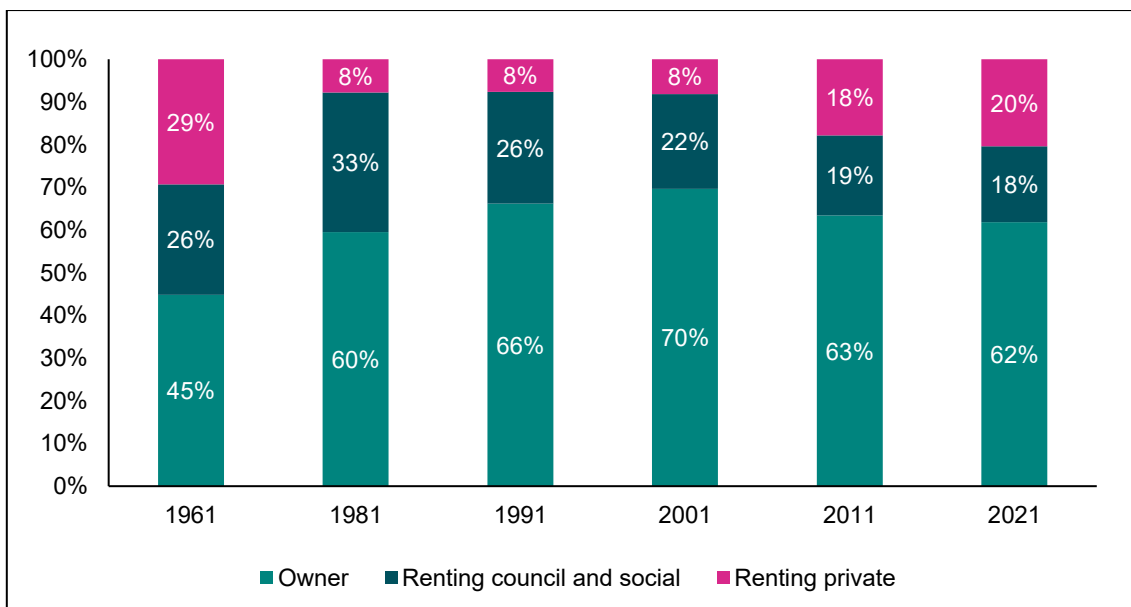


Figure 3 Tenure - Households (West Yorkshire)
 Source: Census data, NOMIS

Operating environment changes

Our local authority partners have experienced significant changes in their operating environment in recent years. They have worked hard to manage substantial funding reductions since 2010-11, and during that time have continued to deliver their crucial statutory functions, such as planning services, adult social care, highways and waste collection, whilst facing a range of new demand and cost pressures.⁷ Across West Yorkshire, local authorities have on average seen their funding settlement from central government reduced by 40% since 2015.⁸ Data from the National Audit Office suggests that planning and housing functions within local government have seen some of the most substantial falls in spending, with significant impacts on funding for welfare sources, homelessness administration and prevention, temporary accommodation, as well as enforcement and investment to improve the private rented sector.⁹

Joining up our spatial ambitions

Our spatial plans, partnerships and strategies collectively reflect our ambitions to tackle the climate emergency, achieve inclusive growth and deliver well-designed places. We support this growth through investment and acceleration across an active portfolio of strategic sites. **Spatial Priority Areas**, shaded purple on **Error! Reference source not found.** below, represent the largest or most strategic development opportunities within our region. In these areas, coordinated public sector intervention alongside private sector investment has transformational potential. Building on these Spatial Priority Areas, our **Strategic Place Partnership** with Homes England identifies 16 **focus areas** (shaded red on **Error! Reference source not found.** below) where investment has the potential to turbo charge housing growth. When combined, these spatial approaches show where joined up partner collaboration and coordination will deliver on our regional ambitions.

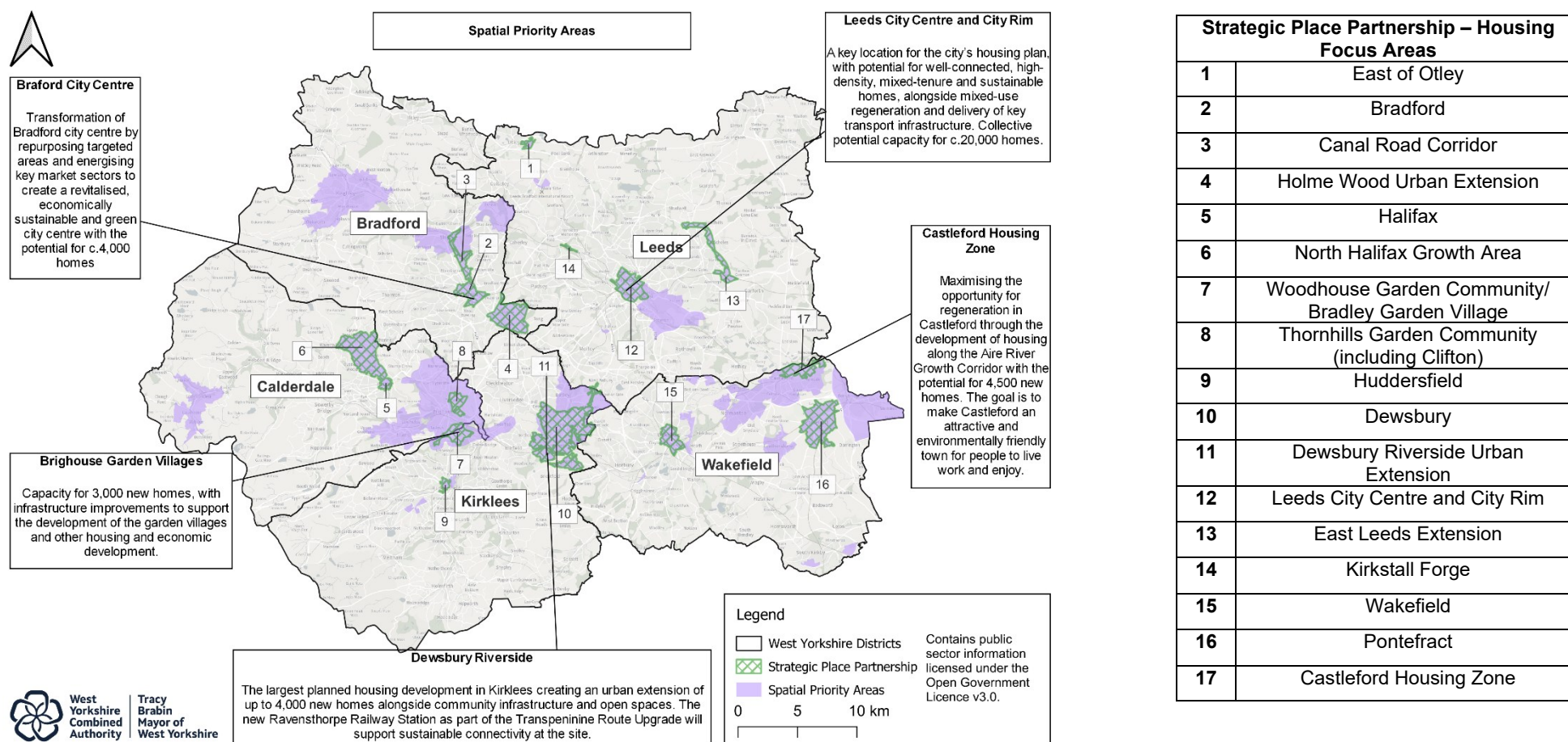


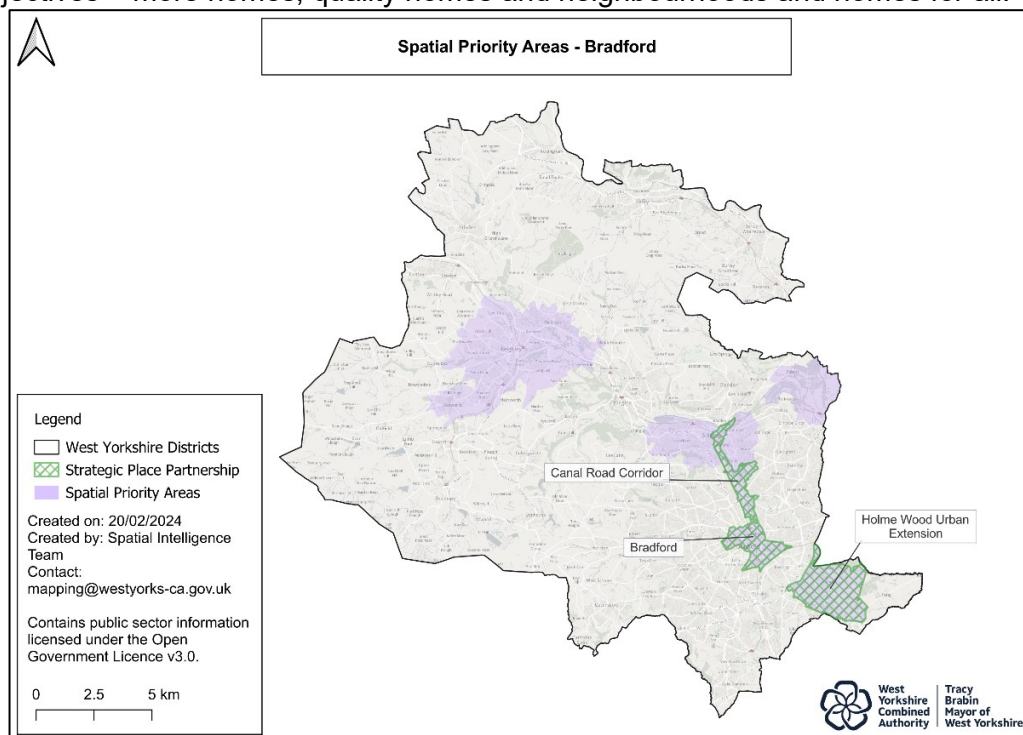
Figure 4 Spatial Priority Areas - West Yorkshire

Bradford

The [Bradford Housing Strategy](#) 2020-2030 sets out a vision that ‘everyone in Bradford District should have a place to call home which meets their needs and in which they can thrive’. The strategy sets out three core objectives – more homes, quality homes and neighbourhoods and homes for all.

Key statistics:

Population	552,644
Economically active (% of population)	73%
Projected population growth (2018-2043)	5.5%
Projected household growth (2018-2043)	11.9%
Annual average housing need identified in local plan	1,704*
Homes delivered in last 3 years	2,944
Affordable homes delivered in last 3 years	442
Housing delivery test 2022	67%
Households on housing waiting list	17,285
Median house price	£160,000
Median private rented sector rent (3 bed) per month	£575
Homes with EPC C or above (estimate)	33.4%
Percentage of population with easy access to green space	25%
Percentage of residential properties in flood zones	2%



Strategic Place Partnership focus areas:

Bradford City Centre will see the creation of 3,500 new homes on new and existing sites:

- (1) Bradford City Village – c.1,000 homes – repurposing former retail and trading sites in the heart of the city centre to create a green, healthy and sustainable city village.
- (2) Forster Square, Little Germany and Cathedral Quarter (FLC) – c. 1,400 homes – large scale mixed-use development opportunity
- (3) Southern Gateway – c.2,500 homes – maximising investment in strategic infrastructure to unlock development

New Bolton Woods – c.1200 homes – part of the Canal Road Corridor, bring together two of Bradford’s largest housing development opportunities.

Holme Wood Urban Extension – c. 1700 homes – creating a sustainable community through the regeneration of existing urban areas.

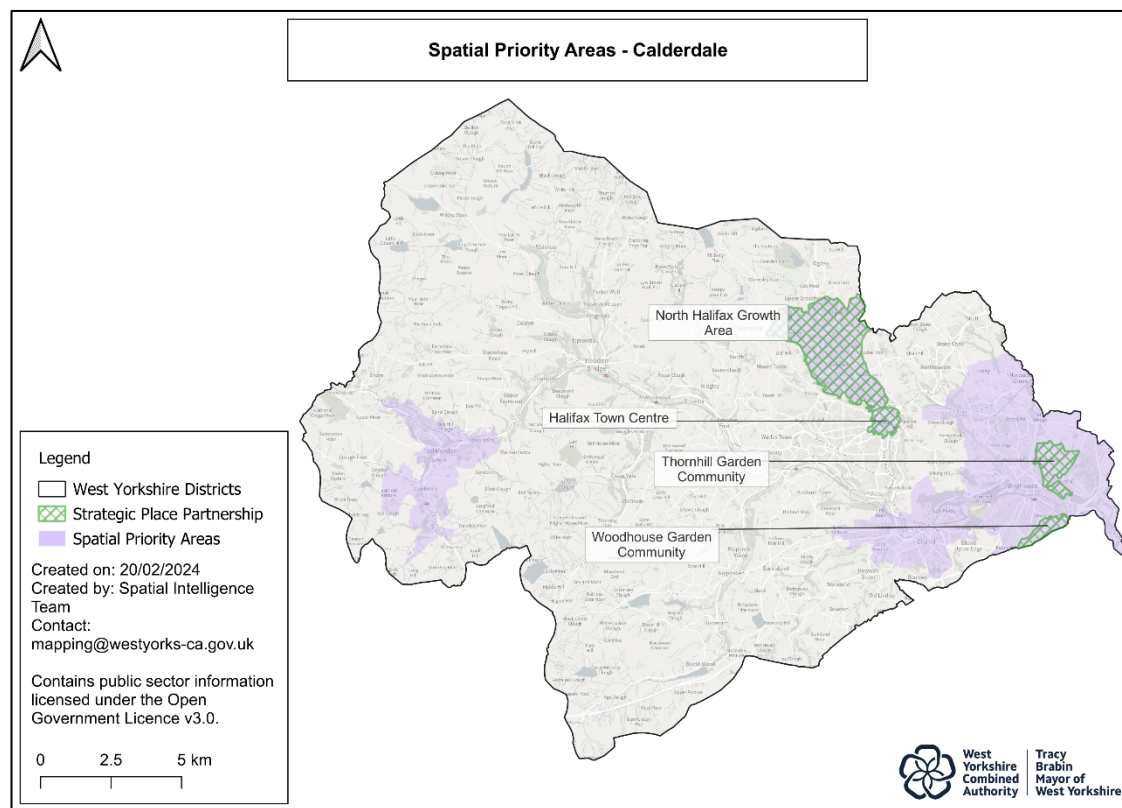
* Figure does not include the 35% urban uplift.

Calderdale

The [Calderdale Housing Strategy](#) 2021-2026 draws upon the 2024 vision ‘for a place where you can realise your potential whoever you are, whether your voice has been heard or unheard in the past.’ The strategy centres around three priority themes – improving quality of place, quality of homes and quality of life.

Key statistics:

Population	207,699
Economically active (% of population)	78%
Projected population growth (2018-2043)	3.6%
Projected household growth (2018-2043)	10.5%
Annual average housing need identified in local plan	997
Homes delivered in last 3 years	1,011
Affordable homes delivered in last 3 years	238
Housing delivery test 2022	49%
Households on housing waiting list	7,486
Median house price	£165,000
Median private rented sector rent (3 bed) per month	£550
Homes with EPC C or above (estimate)	32.9%
Percentage of population with easy access to green space	20%
Percentage of residential properties in flood zones	5.9%



Strategic Place Partnership focus areas:

Brighouse Garden Communities (Thornhills and Woodhouse) – c.3,000 homes – opportunity for sustainable development with enhanced local facilities and infrastructure (aligned to the Bradley Park development).

Halifax Town Centre – c.300 homes – reuse and revitalisation of the town centre living offer bringing brownfield land into use to support residential development.

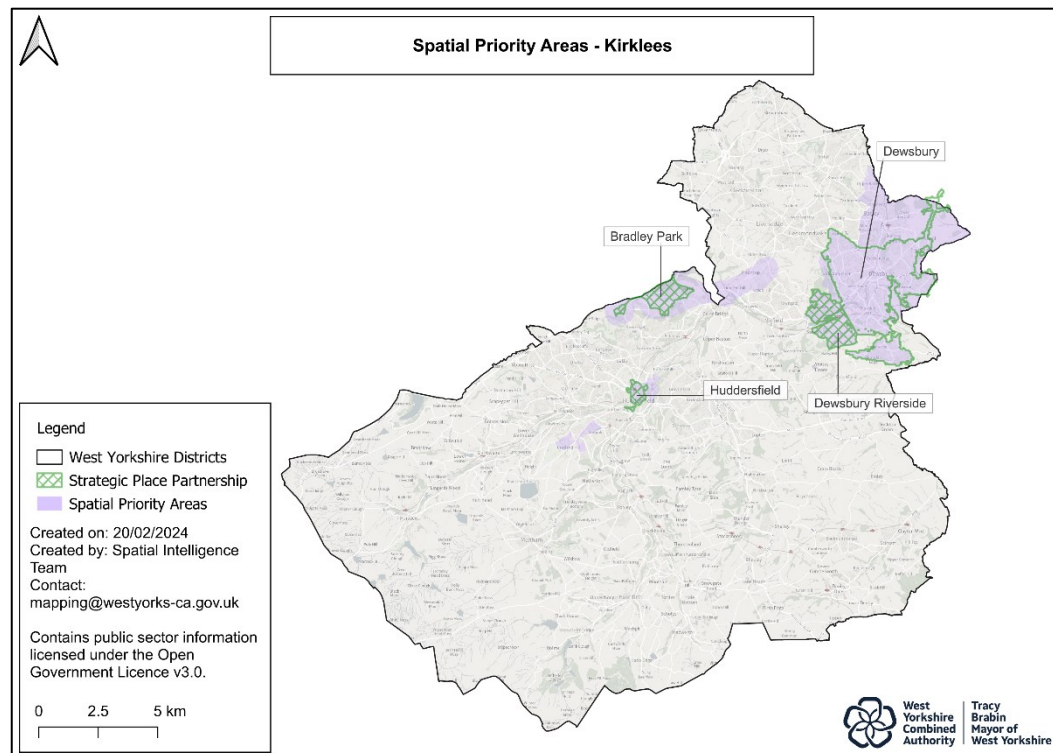
North Halifax Growth Zone – c. 1,600 homes – creating opportunities for economic investment in the area to increase resilience and provide inclusive growth benefits for residents.

Kirklees

The most recent [Kirklees Housing Strategy](#) sets out a vision for housing and housing services in the district, focusing on enhancing people’s lives and investing to strengthen communities. The strategy sets out three priorities for housing in Kirklees – to meet the housing needs of vulnerable people, improve housing quality and make the best use of stock, and enable long-term housing growth in terms of both market and affordable homes.

Key statistics:

Population	437,593
Economically active (% of population)	77%
Projected population growth (2018-2043)	5.8%
Projected household growth (2018-2043)	11.2%
Annual average housing need identified in local plan	1,730
Homes delivered in last 3 years	2,878
Affordable homes delivered in last 3 years	335
Housing delivery test 2022	67%
Households on housing waiting list	13,267
Median house price	£187,000
Median private rented sector rent (3 bed) per month	£595
Homes with EPC C or above (estimate)	38.2%
Percentage of population with easy access to green space	15%
Percentage of residential properties in flood zones	3.5%



Strategic Place Partnership focus areas:

Bradley Park – c. 2,000 – large sustainable development opportunity, largely in council ownership, benefitting from good infrastructure and the development of local facilities.

Dewsbury Riverside – c. 4,000 homes – urban extension to the south of Dewsbury creating new local amenity and highway infrastructure maximising the benefits of the Transpennine Route Upgrade and new Ravensthorpe station.

Dewsbury Town Centre – c.1,400 homes – reuse of existing building and land in the town centre, focused initially on the Daisy Hill area to revitalise the town, realising the Dewsbury Blueprint.

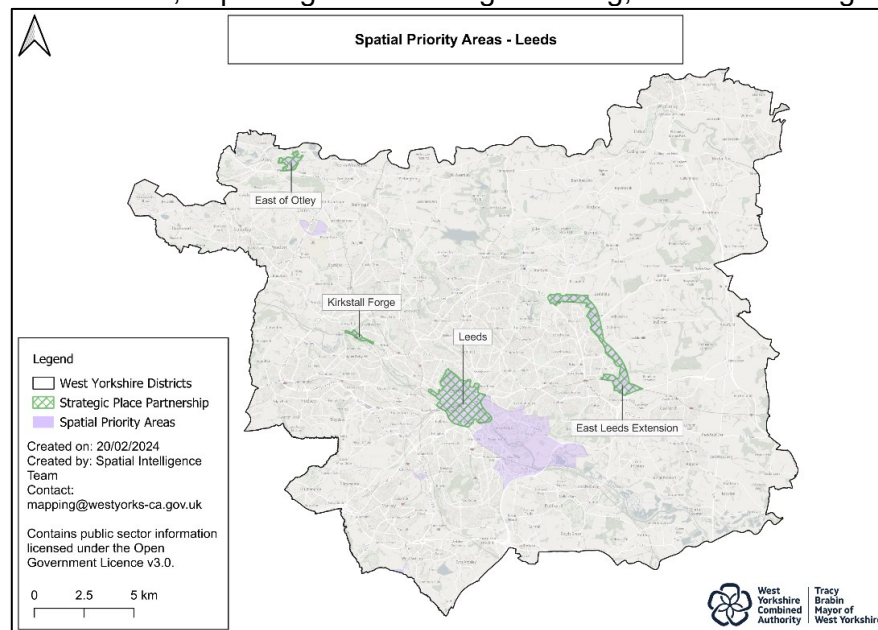
Huddersfield Town Centre – maximising the residential offer of the town centre through the realisation of the Huddersfield Blueprint, enhancing the character of the town, regenerating key heritage assets.

Leeds

The [Leeds Housing Strategy](#) 2022-2027 sets its aim as ‘meeting the city’s housing needs and providing high quality affordable homes in thriving and inclusive communities, with appropriate support for those who need it’. It articulates six priority themes – meeting affordable housing need, improving housing quality, reducing homelessness and rough sleeping, thriving and inclusive communities, improving health through housing, and child and age-friendly housing.

Key statistics:

Population	822,483
Economically active (% of population)	80%
Projected population growth (2018-2043)	6.7%
Projected household growth (2018-2043)	8.1%
Annual average housing need identified in local plan	3,247*
Homes delivered in last 3 years	9,715
Affordable homes delivered in last 3 years	1,817
Housing delivery test 2022	134%
Households on housing waiting list	20,283
Median house price	£230,000
Median private rented sector rent (3 bed) per month	£825
Homes with EPC C or above (estimate)	41.1%
Percentage of population with easy access to green space	28%
Percentage of residential properties in flood zones	3.7%



Strategic Place Partnership focus areas:

Leeds City Centre and City Rim – capitalising the housing offer in the city centre and city rim:

- (1) South Bank/ Eastside/ Holbeck – c.6,000 homes – delivery of the South Bank Regeneration Framework and opportunities extending to Holbeck and Eastside.
- (2) Westend River Side – c.2,000 homes – connecting housing development to growing economic and employment opportunities in the city.
- (3) Innovation Arc – c.3,000 homes – maximising underused brownfield land and the West Yorkshire Investment Zone opportunity.
- (4) Mabgate – c.2,000 homes – linking existing and new communities to city centre economic opportunity.

East of Otley – c.550 homes – opportunity to unlock homes in north Leeds through delivery of infrastructure.

Kirkstall Forge – c.1,000 homes – mixed-use development and a key regeneration for Leeds, maximising the economic benefit of the new Kirkstall Forge station.

East Leeds Extension – c.4,000 homes – unlocked through delivery of the East Leeds Orbital Route (ELOR), the scheme is now in delivery with work ongoing to develop infrastructure required to create a sustainable community.

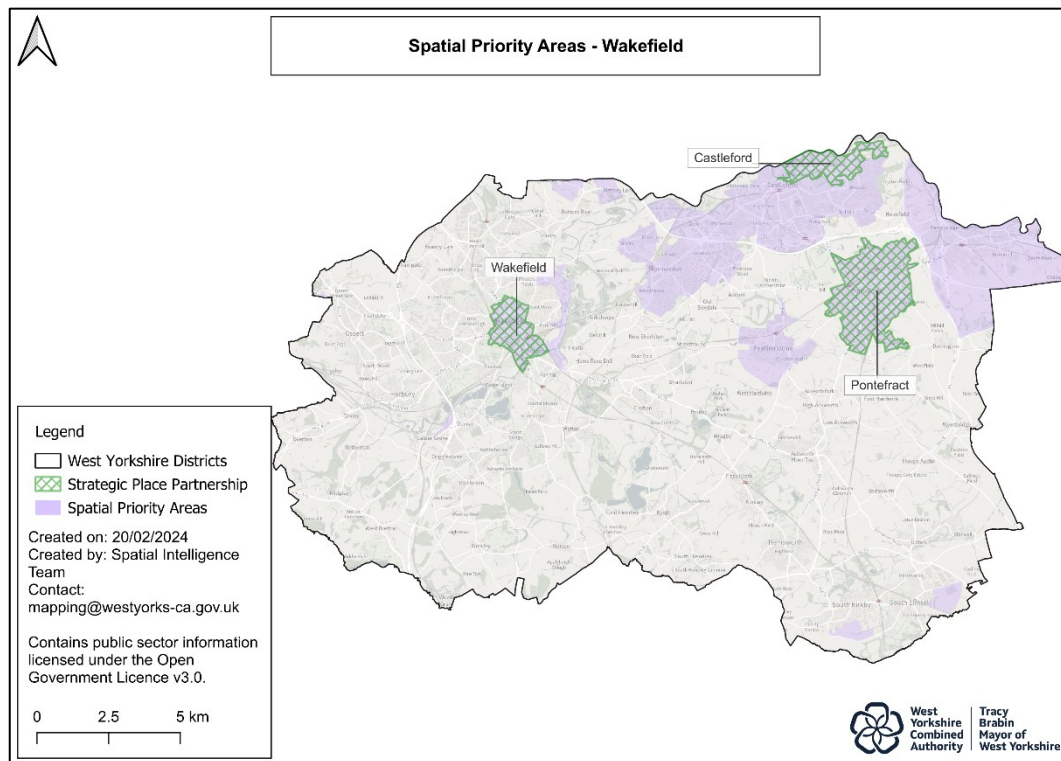
* Figure does not include the 35% urban uplift.

Wakefield

The [Wakefield Housing Plan](#) 2023-2026 sets out a vision for Wakefield to have a robust housing offer that promotes regeneration and economic growth. The plan sets out twelve priorities for delivery captured under three key themes: more homes – high quality housing growth; better homes – safe and healthy homes that meet local need; and sustainable communities – resilient people and sustainable housing.

Key statistics:

Population	357,729
Economically active (% of population)	77%
Projected population growth (2018-2043)	21.4%
Projected household growth (2018-2043)	25%
Annual average housing need identified in local plan	1,400
Homes delivered in last 3 years	4,482
Affordable homes delivered in last 3 years	841
Housing delivery test 2022	180%
Households on housing waiting list	25,703
Median house price	£185,000
Median private rented sector rent (3 bed) per month	£625
Homes with EPC C or above (estimate)	40.7%
Percentage of population with easy access to green space	15%
Percentage of residential properties in flood zones	3.3%



Strategic Place Partnership focus areas:

Castleford Growth Zone – c. 3,000 homes – realisation of the Aire River Growth Corridor Masterplan with investment in new infrastructure and active travel opportunities along the corridor.

Pontefract Masterplan – one of Wakefield’s five towns – supporting the development of Pontefract including investment in the Grade II listed Pontefract Dispensary site with c.100 homes.

Wakefield City Centre – an opportunity for mixed-use development and enhancement of the character of the city, building on existing investments in and around the city such as City Fields.

Guiding Principles

Sustainability

We are committed to creating and growing sustainable and well-connected neighbourhoods across West Yorkshire to contribute to our [net-zero carbon ambitions](#). Each objective within the strategy aims to support action on the climate emergency and create opportunities to deliver on our net-zero carbon plans. This includes initiatives to enhance energy efficiency in homes and promote domestic transition to renewable energy sources.

We want to develop an integrated public transport network, linking our housing activity to our ambitions to make healthy and sustainable travel around West Yorkshire [easy and reliable](#), so that residents can make more trips by bus and rail across our region. Housing also plays an important role in facilitating active travel, including walking, wheeling and cycling, and through our work we will promote and encourage the development of active travel infrastructure to enable safe and environmentally-friendly transport use, connecting housing to the wider system of places for education, employment and recreation.

Sustainability, in this context, extends beyond our net-zero carbon ambitions and includes the creation of resilient, safe and adaptable communities that are able to withstand the challenges of our changing climate.

Equality and inclusive growth

Through each of the strategy's objectives, we aim to support individuals and communities that face systemic barriers to accessing a safe and stable home. This includes communities facing deprivation, inequality, poor health and wider forms of exclusion. Through our work, we will seek to understand the diverse housing experiences of those with protected characteristics, as well as other marginalised and minority groups across our region.

We want to enable as many people as possible, from all our diverse communities, to contribute to and benefit from our interventions to improve access to and the quality of homes and communities across the region. We will work to monitor how the implementation of our strategy affects communities that may face multiple exclusion and disadvantage, and the extent to which our work under this strategy supports inclusive growth across the region.

Objective 1: Boosting the supply of the right homes in the right places

West Yorkshire is central to rebuilding and rebalancing the national economy, enabling the North of England to fully contribute to and benefit from economic growth and prosperity. A core element of ensuring West Yorkshire plays its critical role in the national economy is the development of good quality homes in well-connected neighbourhoods where people want to live. Missions One and Two of our [West Yorkshire Plan](#) set out our commitment to building well-connected places that create happy and active communities. Through our work to develop a new regional Economic Strategy, we recognise the vital role that housing plays in creating places where people can thrive. However, levels of development are not even across the region. While in some places, housebuilding has been strong, in other places it has stagnated, often due to low land values, poor connectivity and outdated infrastructure. We have an ambition through this strategy to level the field, ensuring we don't just build homes, but create places and communities we are proud to call home.

What we are doing now

We are working with partners such as Homes England, West Yorkshire Housing Partnership and developers to deliver on our Strategic Place Partnership, accelerating development through our **£3.2 million Housing Accelerator Fund** and prioritising delivery on brownfield sites through our **£89 million Brownfield Housing Fund**.

Rationale

The homes we need

Collectively, West Yorkshire needs to build more than 9,000 homes on average per year to meet the housing requirements of its growing population. In 2018/19, West Yorkshire delivered 9,262 homes – the highest number of homes completed in a single year over the last 10 years. As with most parts of the country, the COVID-19 pandemic, Brexit, global conflicts and cost-of-living crises have contributed to a slowdown in overall delivery. Despite an improvement in housing delivery in 2021/22, the number of homes we started to build have seen an overall slowdown in 2022/23, predominantly due to rising costs and a challenging operating environment.

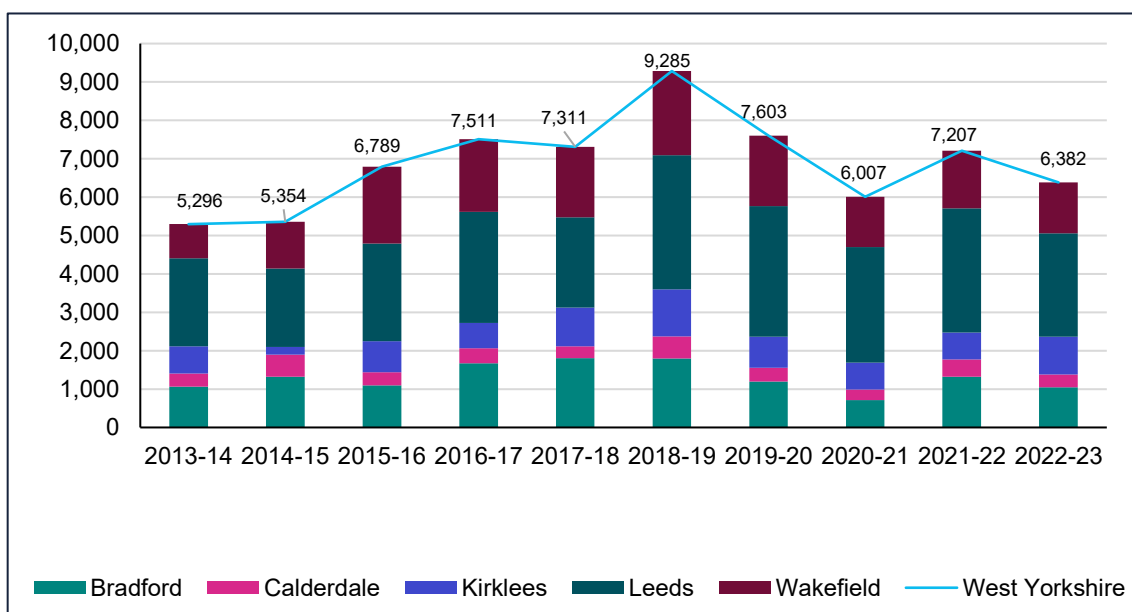


Figure 5 Net Additional Dwellings by Local Authority Area (2013/14 - 2022/23) - West Yorkshire
Source: DLUHC Live Tables

However, these changes have not been felt across all parts of West Yorkshire. Development tends to occur more frequently in the North and East of the region due to stronger markets and higher land

values. These factors make development more viable in these areas, often leading to greater profits. This has left many communities behind, particularly in those areas where development is challenging, often because lower land values are compounded by higher costs associated with remediating land, so that it is ready to build on, and dealing with outdated infrastructure.

Crucially, not enough affordable homes are being built across West Yorkshire. The year 2022-23 saw 1,536 affordable homes delivered, the highest number completed in a single year since 2010-11, yet this is still not enough to meet demand¹⁰. As prices and household costs continue to rise, building more affordable homes remains central to our mission to ensure everyone in West Yorkshire has a warm, safe and secure place to call home.

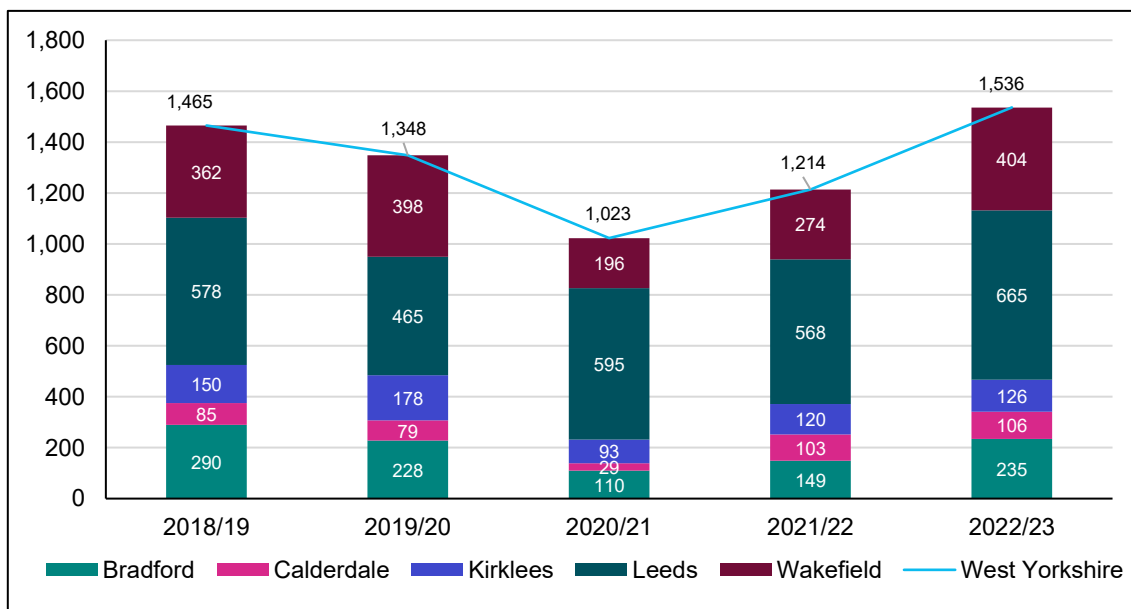


Figure 6 Affordable Housing Completions by Local Authority Area (2018/19 – 2022/23) - West Yorkshire
Source: [DLUHC](#)

Places and connectivity

Whilst comparatively lower house prices in many parts of West Yorkshire may be perceived as demonstrating affordability, this creates a significant challenge in attracting developers and investors where market values are lower than in other parts of the country. In addition, whilst house prices may be lower than the national average, wider cost-of-living pressures are often more intensely felt by people in West Yorkshire than in other parts of the country, exacerbated by poor connectivity.

Transport and housing costs are the two most significant items of expenditure for typical UK households. In West Yorkshire in the year to 2022, households were spending almost equal amounts per week on housing and transport (£65.70 and £64.50 respectively).¹¹ This high level of spend on transport indicates a clear need for better-connected places, supported by a robust public transport network, ensuring that people have greater choice in where they live and access opportunities. As we embark upon the delivery of our Connectivity Infrastructure Plan and the development of a Mass Transit network in West Yorkshire, improving the connectivity of the places is central to our strategy.

Brownfield land and existing buildings

There is capacity for 56,000 new homes with planning permission in West Yorkshire, of which over 38,000 are on brownfield land.¹² However, across the region as a whole, brownfield sites contributed to just 46% of new homes actually delivered in 2022/23. Prioritising delivery on brownfield land is a key part of our strategy given that it is often sustainably located in existing urban areas, making it well connected to current and emerging transport networks. However, our industrial legacy means that brownfield land requires remediation, so that it is ready to build on, and land is often owned by multiple parties, making delivery particularly complex.

In addition, West Yorkshire's long industrial heritage leaves a legacy of many beautiful buildings, but these buildings have often outgrown their original use. Work undertaken by Historic England in 2018 showed that there were 922 textile manufacturing sites across West Yorkshire surviving in some built form with 157 of these being protected as listed buildings. It is estimated that there is some 736,565 square metres that is vacant or under-used.¹³ As well as manufacturing sites, our town centres are filled with architecturally unique buildings, many of which are often underused and prime for renovation to support town centre living, with great connectivity and supported by a strong local cultural and leisure offer. Whilst reuse of existing buildings and delivery on brownfield land can be challenging, maximising the potential of our towns and cities is at the core of our strategy.

Diversity of provision

To boost the delivery of the right homes in the right places, we need a range of providers to work with us and across our region. From housebuilders with the capacity to build at scale through to locally driven interventions such as community-led housing providers and self-builders, provision needs to be diverse and innovative to meet regional housing demand. West Yorkshire already has well-established partnerships that share our ambition to create sustainable and affordable homes and great places to live, including the West Yorkshire Housing Partnership, which brings together the main providers of affordable housing in the region. Leeds is also home to People Powered Homes who are championing the community-led housing sector on a national scale and are proactively supporting community led development across West Yorkshire. There is also a clear demand for greater self and custom-build homes in the region. For example, in Bradford 1,175 households are registered on the council's self-build register and in Kirklees, the household survey identified 2,613 households who would be interested in self-build.¹⁴¹⁵

It is often more challenging for small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), affordable housing providers and community-led developers to compete with volume builders to access land and develop the homes communities need. Whilst affordable housing delivery has seen a marked improvement in West Yorkshire, the operating environment is becoming increasingly challenging – as well as being faced with increased development costs, providers are also having to balance investment in existing stock, ensuring homes are fit for the future. Community-led housing groups also told us they often lack the upfront investment needed to progress projects into delivery.

Workforce and supply chains

The construction sector in West Yorkshire currently employs 70,000 people, but this is an ageing workforce that has been in decline over a number of years.¹⁶ A skilled construction and development workforce is critical to achieving the growth we need. It is well documented that the construction industry nationally is facing a skills shortfall with an additional 225,000 construction workers needed in the UK by 2027.¹⁷ In addition, critical resources in planning and other local authority teams have also seen a decline, particularly in the North where planning teams reduced by 65% between 2010 and 2019.¹⁸ As we move towards a more sustainable future, we will also see the need to increase green skills across the workforce, particularly in the construction sector as we seek to increase off-site manufacturing and modern methods of construction.

Delivering the homes we need also relies on robust and resilient supply chains. The period of lockdown caused by COVID-19, followed by successive disruptions to international supply chains as a result of global conflicts, have led to significant increases in material costs and availability, with cost increases of 10.4% between 2022 and early 2023, which followed an 11.2% increase from 2021.¹⁹

Outcomes

Deliver a robust pipeline of housing development opportunities aligned to well-connected places

We will continue to work closely with our partners to develop our housing pipeline and identify the tools available to unlock and accelerate delivery, with a strong focus on maximising affordable homes. We recognise the importance of creating well-connected places where people can access good jobs and opportunities easily and will build this into our emerging Economic Strategy. As we embark upon the implementation of the West Yorkshire [Connectivity Infrastructure Plan](#), update our West Yorkshire Local Transport Plan and develop a new mass transit system across the region, we will work to align our transport and housing investment in places and communities that can benefit most from a better-connected region – ensuring more people are connected to opportunity through sustainable and active travel modes, and creating more attractive places to live.

Support local authorities to deliver on housing need set out in Local Plans

We will build on our strong track record of working with local authorities to invest in and deliver much needed new homes across the region capitalising on the successes of the [Brownfield Housing Fund](#) and other programmes of delivery in the region. We will make a bold case for greater devolved funding that supports the development of excellent quality new homes in West Yorkshire, which should be tailored to meet local needs and recognise the challenges of our regional market. We will continue our relentless focus on maximising the number of affordable homes delivered in the region. We will work to establish the West Yorkshire Housing Developer Forum bringing together public and private sector partners with a shared ambition to create great places and build new homes across all parts of West Yorkshire. This forum will highlight opportunities across the region and explore innovative solutions to boost delivery.

Improve the number of sustainable homes developed

Our partners share our ambition to develop sustainable homes that meet the needs and requirements of people and communities, and we are committed to deepening our partnerships with a range of sustainable and innovative delivery partners, including the community-led housing sector, small and medium-sized enterprise (SME) developers and a range of affordable housing providers, to diversify the provision of new homes. We will explore new ways of working together and unlocking the barriers to delivery often faced by those aiming to go the extra mile, providing the highest standard and quality of affordable homes. We will work with partners to identify the skills, expertise and supply chains needed to make sure that our homes are equipped for our net zero-carbon future by 2038 in West Yorkshire. We will also encourage futureproofed homes by supporting our local authority partners to secure high-quality, low-carbon development across the region that meets requirements such as the Future Homes Standard and avoids the need for additional retrofitting, as well as developments that have robust, climate-resilient infrastructure to protect residents from risks such as flooding.

Increase in the homes delivered in Spatial Priority Areas

The launch of the [West Yorkshire Strategic Place Partnership](#) marked an important milestone, cementing our commitment as West Yorkshire Combined Authority, Homes England and our five local authorities to work together to unlock the delivery of homes as part of a co-ordinated approach to the regeneration and transformation of our places. The Partnership recognises 16 of the most transformational housing-led development opportunities across West Yorkshire's [Spatial Priority Areas](#) with the potential to deliver 40,000 new homes over the next decade. Through the Partnership we will work together to align our resources, funding and priorities at an early stage so we are well prepared to deliver much needed homes across our places. We will provide resource and capacity locally and regionally to develop projects supporting delivery of good quality homes across our Spatial Priority Areas.

Objective 2: Increasing the provision of truly affordable, accessible and adaptable homes

There are not enough affordable homes in West Yorkshire to meet present and future demand. Within our [West Yorkshire Plan](#), we committed under Mission Two to creating a truly affordable housing offer to meet the needs of people and communities. The expansion of the private rented sector, where rents are not regulated, coupled with the loss of social homes through the right to buy, has meant that a growing number of households face affordability issues and insecurity of tenure. These issues exacerbate homelessness and rough sleeping. Turning to future demand, homes across our region will need to adapt across our life course to support better quality of life for residents with support needs. We are committed to developing a high-quality housing offer that supports the health of our region by improving access to truly affordable, accessible and adaptable homes.

What we are doing now

West Yorkshire delivered more affordable homes in 2022/23 than any year since the global financial crisis and we are supporting the delivery of more affordable homes through our **Brownfield Housing Fund** and work with Homes England. We are driving forward dementia-ready housing across our region through our **Dementia-Ready Housing Taskforce**. The West Yorkshire Housing and Health Network has established a set of joint priorities where housing activity can support people to live a long, healthy life.

Rationale

Accessing a home

There are nearly 85,000 households on housing waiting lists across West Yorkshire,²⁰ and in the last year nearly 12,000 households were owed homelessness duties across our five local authorities.²¹ The leading causes of homelessness appear to be family or friends unable or unwilling to continue to provide accommodation (29%) and end of private sector tenancies (23%), however it is worth noting that these reasons often mask wider vulnerabilities that people homeless or at risk of homelessness are facing.²² The level of acute housing need indicated by these numbers creates a challenging operating environment for our local authority housing options teams, with over 1,100 households in temporary accommodation, nearly 100 of which are households with children often placed in hotel or bed and breakfast accommodation.²³ Underrepresented groups often face an increased risk of experiencing homelessness due to a variety of factors, for example LGBTQIA+ individuals are reported to be at a higher risk of homelessness associated with discrimination.

Rough sleepers and those in temporary accommodation are subject to elevated levels of violence. Research commissioned by our [Violence Reduction Partnership](#) found that nearly three-quarters (73%) of individuals who had recently experienced homelessness or slept rough in West Yorkshire felt unsafe, and nearly a third (29%) were subject to violence because of their homelessness.²⁴

Affordability (rent)

Between 2022 and 2023, rents for three-bedroom homes across England rose by 4%. With the exception of Bradford, all West Yorkshire districts experienced higher growth than England (Kirklees 13%, Leeds 10%, Wakefield 9%, and Calderdale 5%). In the five years between 2018 and 2023, rents in Leeds have increased by around 23%, significantly outpacing national average increases (19%).

These increases have significant consequences for affordability. Our analysis indicates that nearly 40% of households living in the private rented sector cannot afford current average monthly rent costs in West Yorkshire, and affordability has decreased by 10% over the last four years. This means

that if rent increases continue to significantly outpace wage increases, affordability will continue to decline rapidly.²⁵

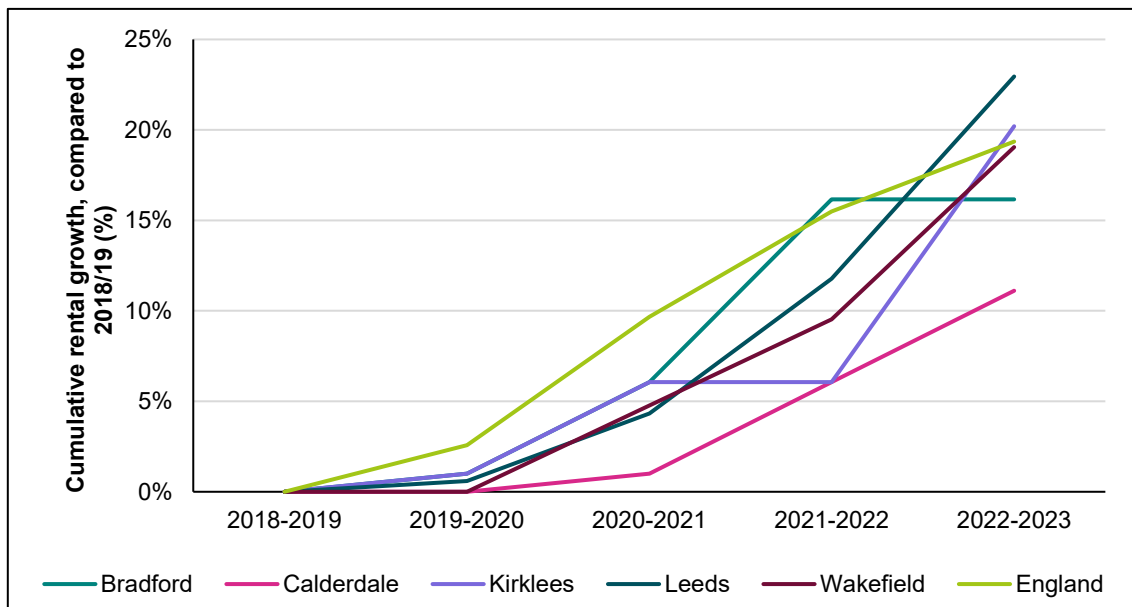


Figure 7 Rental price growth since 2018/19 - West Yorkshire
Source: ONS Private rental market summary statistics in England

Affordability pressures are felt most acutely by households on low incomes. A low-income family that requires Local Housing Allowance (housing benefit) to pay the average three-bedroom rent in Leeds will have an annual shortfall of over £1,500 per year. This is money that will have to be diverted from essential living costs, driving up poverty across West Yorkshire. Our modelling suggests that a dual-earning minimum wage household in West Yorkshire where one member works full time and the other part-time (4 days per week) cannot afford the average rent on a three-bedroom property, and would struggle to do so even where both earners work full-time on minimum wage.²⁶

Local authority	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021	2021-2022	2022-2023
Bradford	£495	£500	£525	£575	£575
Calderdale	£495	£495	£500	£525	£550
Kirklees	£495	£500	£525	£525	£595
Leeds	£671	£675	£700	£750	£825
Wakefield	£525	£525	£550	£575	£625

Table 1 Monthly private rents (3 bedroom) by local authority area - West Yorkshire
Source: ONS private rental market summary statistics in England

Affordability (home ownership)

Affordability issues in the private rented sector, as well as the challenging macro-economic environment, have a knock-on effect on the accessibility of home ownership as households struggle to save for deposits. Whereas 84% of first-time buyer households could afford a mortgage on the average West Yorkshire property in 2019, by 2023 only 62% could indicating a significant decline in the accessibility of home ownership.²⁷ Worsening affordability of homes for purchase can be seen in a simple house price to earnings ratios across the region, with a 66% increase in the ratio of wages to house prices between 2002 and 2022 in **Figure 8**. However, such ratios fail to account for challenges specific to our region, including the high relative cost of transport to access jobs across our region and higher costs associated with heating our ageing and fuel-inefficient housing stock, which disproportionately affects households struggling to buy their first home.²⁸

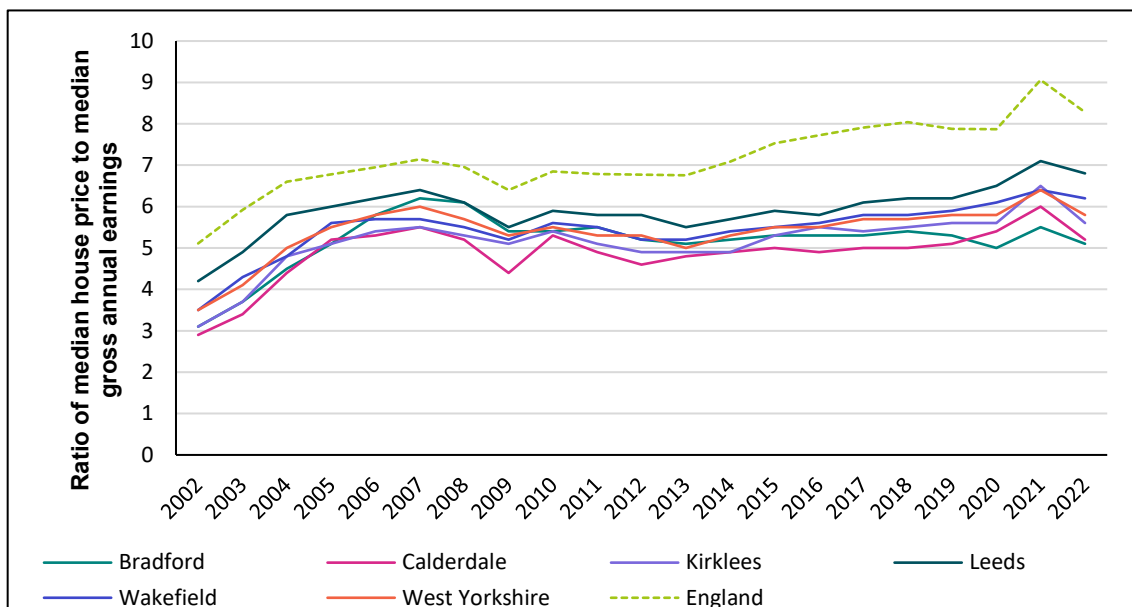


Figure 8 Ratio of median house price to median gross annual earnings
Source: [ONS](#)

Homes to support health and independence

Some of our residents require specialist or supported accommodation to help them live independently. Inappropriate accommodation or support arrangements can place immense strain on families, lead to the breakdown of community living arrangements and may lead to hospital admissions or homelessness. Equally, a lack of available supported accommodation to meet needs may also prevent timely discharge from hospitals or other settings. It is estimated that, across West Yorkshire, over 6,000 people have support needs arising from learning disabilities and autism, and over 2,500 people have support needs arising from severe mental health issues.²⁹ A recent gap analysis conducted on behalf of the West Yorkshire Health and Care Partnership indicated that over 1,300 supported or specialist accommodation homes are required over the next decade to meet this need across our region.³⁰

Adaptable homes for life

West Yorkshire, in line with national trends, has an ageing population.³¹ Healthy life expectancy across the region is below the national average, which means residents may require adaptations or support in their home at an earlier age.³² It is important to emphasise the social, cultural and health diversity of those in mid and later life, and whilst poor health is not inevitable, homes should be adaptable to support residents with daily activities to enable ageing-in-place.

Homes across the region also have a significant potential role in preventing poor health. Research shows that low-cost home modifications can lead to a 26% reduction in falls requiring medical treatment,³³ yet it is estimated nationally that 93% of homes lack basic accessibility features.³⁴ Homes that fail to adapt to changing needs also impact hospital discharge. For example, patients with dementia occupy around a quarter of acute hospital beds, posing a significant challenge for the NHS.³⁵

Outcomes

Increased delivery of affordable housing across all local authority areas

We will continue to work closely with the West Yorkshire Housing Partnership and Homes England to identify, unlock and support the delivery of affordable homes and develop a robust pipeline across the region. We will look to maximise the potential for delivery on brownfield sites through existing funding, and make the case for further devolved funding to support this. With our local authority partners, we will continue to explore delivery models and policy tools that can boost affordable housing delivery. We will commission work with local planning authorities to explore the alignment of viability assessments across West Yorkshire to present a clear and consistent approach to affordable housing delivery expectations.

Improved access to the housing market for low-income households

We will develop a clearer understanding of affordability challenges across our region, focusing on low-income households. This work will span across tenures, looking at the impact on those struggling to access or maintain home ownership, as well as those struggling to access to maintain tenancies in the private and social rented sector. We will continue to make a strong case to central government to support people on low incomes, such as linking the Local Housing Allowance to the rising cost of rents. We will make the case for greater local control of the Affordable Homes Programme to allow us to target funding an interventions to increase the delivery of social housing, delivered by both councils and registered providers in the region, that meet local need.

Support local authority partners to address housing need

With our local authority partners, we will focus on where Combined Authority activity can add value to their existing work on housing need, focusing on support for residents struggling to maintain their existing living arrangements, and support for those struggling to access accommodation. We will develop a regional understanding of temporary accommodation, ensuring that provision is both cost-effective and of a decent quality, advocating for our local authorities by making the case to central government for sufficient funding and a pipeline of accommodation to meet increasing demand. We will work to understand the housing needs of diverse and minority communities within our region, including residents with disabilities, LGBTQIA+ households, people from ethnic minority backgrounds, Gypsy and Traveller groups, and European Roma communities.

Increased support for local authorities tackling homelessness

We will consider where Combined Authority activity can add value to local approaches to homelessness, and whether models adopted elsewhere (such as Housing First or other trauma-informed approaches) could benefit the region, making the case to government to roll out support and learning from areas which have undertaken pilot schemes. We will also progress our work on experiences of housing instability and violence, working to ensure that those facing multiple disadvantage and homelessness across our region feel safe to access the support that they need.

Increased level of accessible and adaptable housing

We will bring together colleagues across housing and health to understand current and future need for supported housing for those with additional needs, including purpose-built accommodation, and how our activity can support the development of a robust pipeline to meet needs. We will seek to take a joined-up approach across housing and health, building on our recent Partnership Agreement with the West Yorkshire Integrated Care Board and make a bold case for further devolution to ensure housing models support the health and care needs of our ageing population and residents with health and care needs. We will continue to work, through our West Yorkshire Dementia-Ready Housing Taskforce, to improve the well-being of those living with dementia in West Yorkshire and their carers and ensure that our housing provision is appropriate for the dramatically rising levels of dementia we are experiencing across our region.

Objective 3: Improving the quality of our existing homes

Housing is an important social determinant of health, and Mission Two of our [West Yorkshire Plan](#) recognises the significance of good quality and energy efficient homes for individual and community well-being. Improving the quality of the homes we already have across West Yorkshire will be key to delivering a high-quality housing offer across our region. Yet, housing across West Yorkshire is generally older, lower-quality and less energy efficient than the average home in England. This makes our homes more expensive to live in and keep in a good state of repair, but also means that our homes can have significant negative impacts on the health of our residents. Decarbonising our housing stock is an important element of our work under Mission Four of the [West Yorkshire Plan](#) and our [Climate and Environment Plan](#) as we work towards a net-zero carbon economy by 2038.

What we are doing now

We are developing our **Better Homes Hub** to support everyone in West Yorkshire to live in a warm, comfortable and low-carbon home. Alongside our partners, we are investing over **£40 million to retrofit over 5,000 social homes** through the Social Housing Decarbonisation Fund. We have established a partnership agreement with the West Yorkshire Integrated Care Board that will help us to strengthen the partnerships between housing and health professionals across the region.

Rationale

Energy efficiency

Our region has an ageing housing stock, with a quarter (25%) of our homes built before 1919.³⁶ There are particular concentrations of older homes surrounding our major cities, Leeds and Bradford, as well as neighbourhoods in our industrial valleys of Bradford, Calderdale and Kirklees. These homes are typically less well insulated and often more expensive and difficult to retrofit.

This means that our homes are also less energy efficient. Just over a third of our homes (38%) have a reasonable level of thermal efficiency, measured at EPC C or above. This is lower than the national average (47%). The five local authorities also have a lower proportion of Certificates A-C than the national average, ranging from 33% (Bradford and Calderdale) to 41% (Leeds).³⁷

The Mayor of West Yorkshire and the West Yorkshire Leaders have declared a climate emergency, and set an ambitious target for the region to be net-zero carbon by 2038. Our homes contribute over a quarter (26%) of the region's existing carbon emissions. Improving their energy efficiency is an essential part of realising this ambition, as set out in our [West Yorkshire Climate and Environment Plan](#).

Decarbonising our homes will require concerted efforts at a local and regional level to develop supply chains and bring down the per-home cost of retrofit activity. Part of this activity will also include scaling up our workforce development to ensure that we have the skills we need to deliver on our ambitions. Initial estimates on the level of retrofit required across our region indicates a need for a 30,000 strong workforce to be developed and sustained up to 2038.³⁸

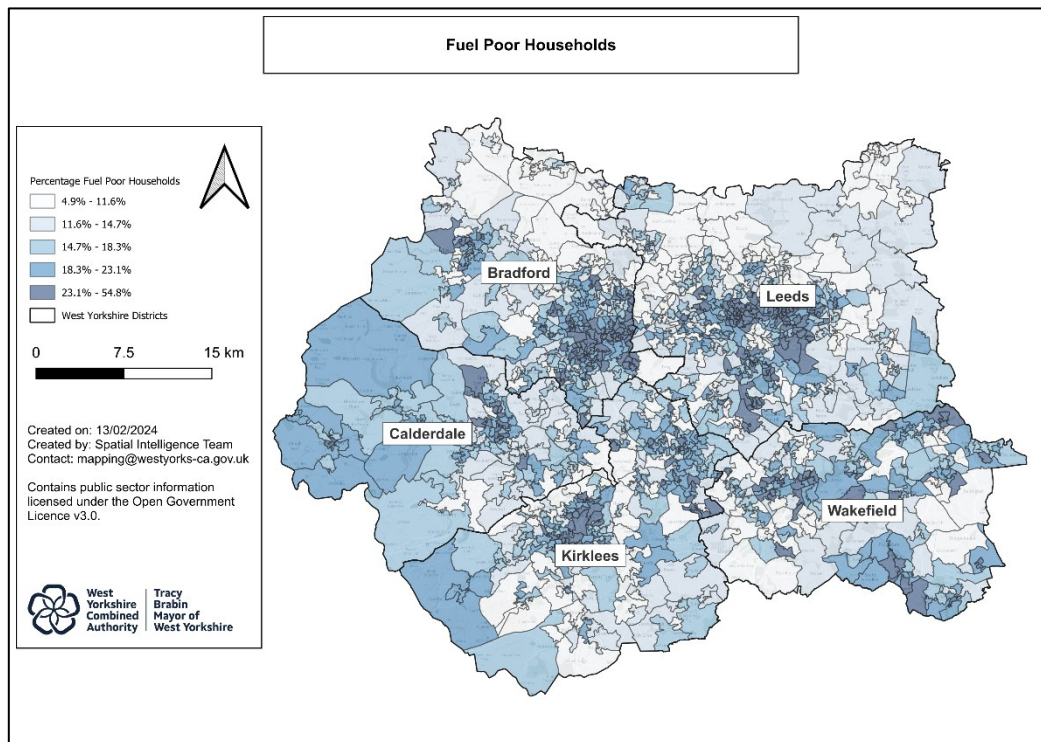


Figure 9 Fuel Poor Households West Yorkshire
 Source: WYCA/BEIS

Fuel poverty

One of the consequences of poor energy efficiency in our homes is higher levels of fuel poverty. It is estimated that 29% of West Yorkshire households are in fuel poverty, which is a significantly higher proportion than is estimated nationally at 21%.³⁹

We recognise that retrofitting our homes will, in the medium to long-term, help to reduce energy costs for our residents, including those in fuel poverty. However, more immediate action is needed to respond to the energy needs of households in crisis.⁴⁰ There is also a correlation between neighbourhoods that fall into the most deprived decile within Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) and older properties with poorer EPC ratings, which suggests that those in low socio-economic areas are often disproportionately impacted by our thermally inefficient homes.

Decent homes

National statistics show that there is a strong relationship between energy efficiency and housing quality, and over half of homes with poor energy efficiency do not meet the Decent Homes Standard.⁴¹ This is exacerbated by a high proportion of pre-1919 homes across West Yorkshire which often were not originally built to meet today's living standards.

Official estimates indicate that one in every five homes (21%) across West Yorkshire does not meet the Decent Homes Standard, which is higher than the national average (17%).⁴² Non-decent homes may not meet statutory minimum safety standards for housing or may be in a state of disrepair.

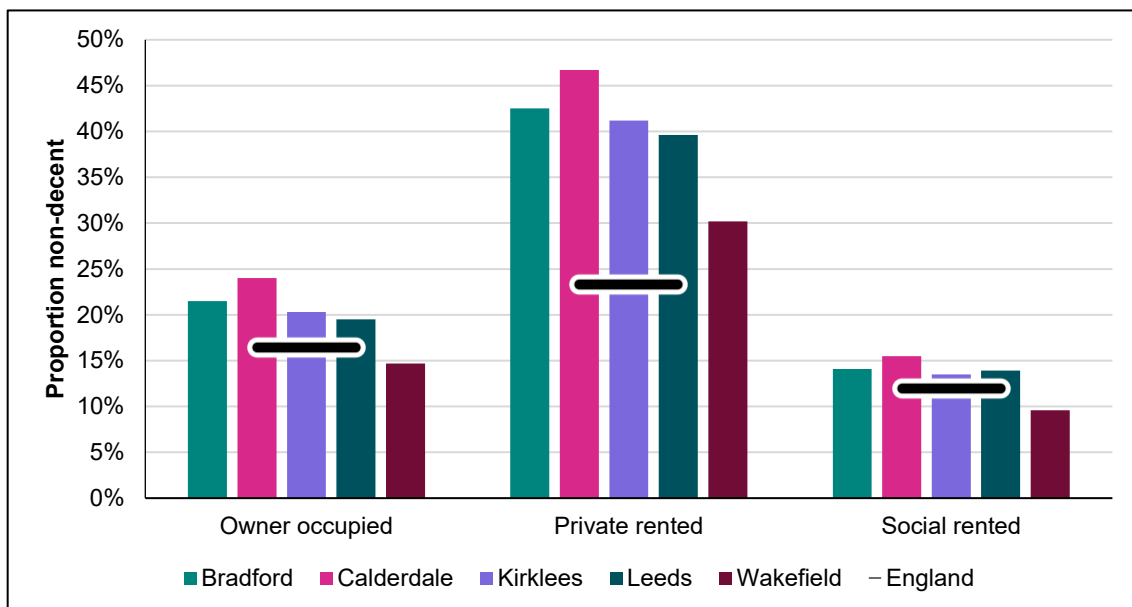


Figure 10 Non-decent occupied dwellings
Source: [DLUHC](#)

The private rented sector is a cause for particular concern with an estimated two in every five privately rented homes (39%) failing to provide decent quality accommodation.⁴³ This is compounded by issues relating to affordability and access to the private rental market identified under **Objective 2**: Increasing the provision of truly affordable, accessible and adaptable homes, as well as the growing role of the private rented sector, indicating the need for urgent and concerted efforts in this area.

A decent home is also somewhere we need to feel safe and secure. Housing providers in particular are in a unique position to support prevention of crime by offering support and guidance to victims and communities. There is incentive for providers to intervene too, as research in relation to domestic abuse has found that cases of abuse are estimated to create housing costs of £160million per year.⁴⁴

Housing and health

Nationally, it costs the NHS an estimated £1.4 billion per year to treat conditions related to poor housing. Respiratory conditions related to cold homes which are more prone to damp mould and condensation are a particular concern with estimates suggesting that mitigating excess cold would save the NHS over £850million alone per annum. Taking into account wider societal and economic impacts, the total cost to society of poor housing in England is likely to amount to around £18.5 billion per year.⁴⁵

West Yorkshire faces particular population health challenges. Healthy life expectancy (at birth) for both women and men in West Yorkshire is much lower than the England average.⁴⁶ Whilst housing is not the only determinant of healthy life expectancy, the relationship between housing conditions, poorer households and poor health is clear. Housing is identified as a key social determinant of health in the [NHS Long Term Plan](#) and research from Shelter found that poor housing conditions increase the risk of severe ill-health and disability by up to 25%.⁴⁷ There are a range of programmes already underway across West Yorkshire demonstrating the positive impact of successful housing initiatives can have on health and housing for our population and work is underway through established partnerships to explore developing these initiatives further.⁴⁸

Outcomes

Work towards eliminating non-decent homes across West Yorkshire

We will work with our local authority partners to understand existing support available for households living in non-decent accommodation across all tenures, enable interventions that improve the quality of existing homes, and make the case for further devolved funding to tackle decency issues across our region. We will align our investment in energy efficiency with improvements in housing conditions to support addressing poor quality housing. We will work with our partners both in housing and policing and crime to explore ways improve home safety, initially focussed on supporting household victims of domestic violence. We will make the case for a long-term, sustainable approach to investment in decent, climate resilient homes across our region.

Improve the quality of homes in the private rented sector

A significant proportion of our private rented sector is failing to provide decent homes for our residents. We will work with our local authority partners to build an understanding of their existing powers and enforcement capacity, sharing best practice and supporting capacity within the region wherever possible. We will seek to identify best practice from across the region and other areas to implement measures that improve the quality of the private rented sector. We will use this to continue to make the case to central government for devolved powers to tackle the acute issues that exist across the private rented sector in West Yorkshire.

Increase the number of low carbon homes to work towards our net-zero targets by 2038

The Combined Authority has set out an ambitious route to net zero by 2038. Housing is a major contributor to our carbon emissions. In order to reach our targets by 2038, collectively we need to:⁴⁹

- Retrofit 680,000 homes to at least an EPC C rating
- Install 665,000 domestic heat pumps
- Deploy district heating to 250,000 homes
- Install 171,000 domestic solar panel (PV) systems

We will work towards this by establishing a Better Homes Hub including a one-stop shop for retrofit advice and support across the region. We will continue to make the case to central government for devolved funds and powers to accelerate our retrofit activity across West Yorkshire, and ensure that our homes are resilient to meet the demands of our changing climate.

Reduce the proportion of households in fuel poverty

We will continue to target our devolved funding, where possible, to deal with cost-of-living pressures felt most acutely by those in poverty. We will work to ensure that our retrofit and other net zero activity prioritises groups that will benefit from energy efficiency measures, and tailor our approach to ensure that those measures deliver cost savings to residents.

Reduce the incidence of health issues related to housing quality

Poor quality housing has significant consequences for the health of our residents. Building on our [partnership agreement with the West Yorkshire Integrated Care Board](#), which recognises housing as an area for joint activity, we will work strategically with partners in health and social care, housing providers and local authorities. We will mobilise a shared evidence base on the key issues facing our region and, using this data-led approach, we will work in partnership to develop targeted interventions and support the wider implementation of programmes and initiatives that reduce the impact of poor-quality housing on the health of our region.

Objective 4: Creating resilient places that support the wellbeing of our residents

West Yorkshire is made up of vibrant and thriving communities, but health and prosperity are not spread equally across the region. In some of our places, this inequality means residents have poor access to local amenity, green space and active travel infrastructure to exercise and thrive. Some places see higher rates of violence and anti-social behaviour. Mission Two of our [West Yorkshire Plan](#) sets out the role of great places and healthy communities in tackling these inequalities. Through our interventions, we will build on the strengths of our existing places, ensuring that our homes and communities play their vital role in supporting the health, safety and happiness of West Yorkshire residents. We must work to ensure that our physical, digital and community infrastructure are robust, and that our neighbourhoods are great places to live and play, where people can safely walk, wheel and cycle. This infrastructure is essential to realising our ambitions under Missions Three and Five of our West Yorkshire Plan to be a region where active travel is the easiest choice for short journeys, and where all people feel safe in their communities.

What we are doing now

We are delivering cycle lanes, traffic-free paths and ‘school streets’ through **£23 million of active travel funding**. We are investing up to **£22 million across West Yorkshire to reduce flood risk**. We have launched our Safer Parks Guidance to improve access to public recreational space for women and girls across the region.

Rationale

Inequality within our communities

Across our region, rates of home ownership, security of tenure, homelessness and other housing metrics differ when considering the influence of age, gender, ethnicity, disability and other protected characteristics.⁵⁰ This structural inequality has a negative impact on housing stability and access to accommodation – for example, our research suggests that ethnic minority communities are disproportionately represented in areas of high deprivation.⁵¹ Violence is also more prevalent in areas with higher levels of deprivation and poorer quality homes, with 41% of individuals admitted

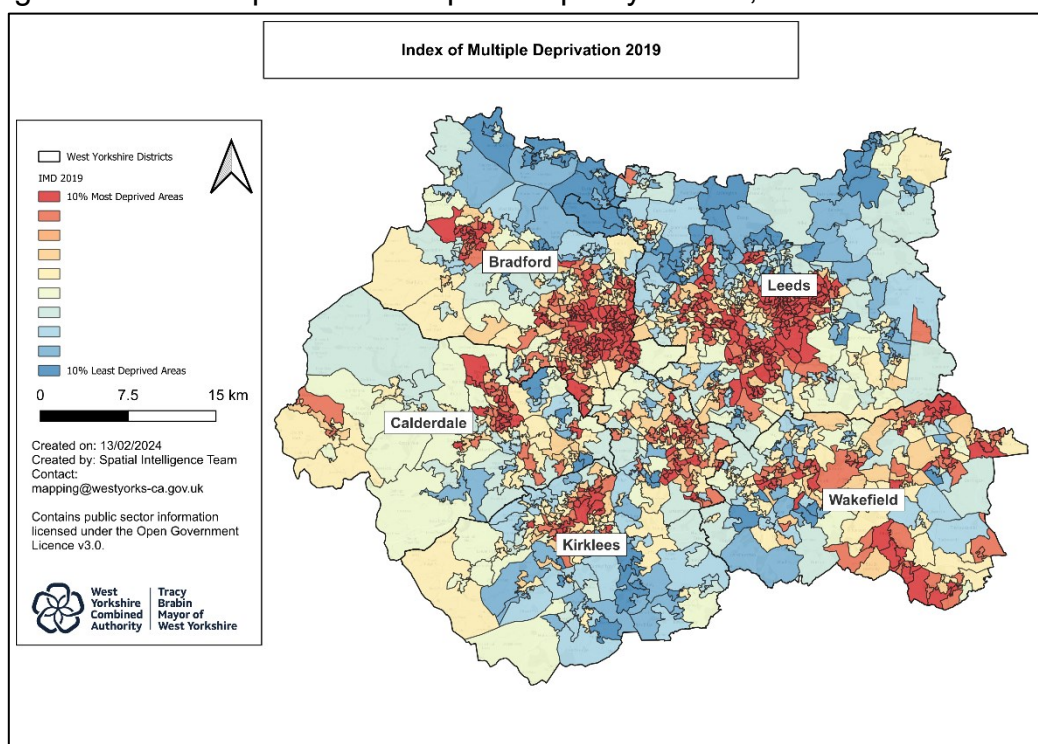


Figure 11 IMD Decile 2019 by LSOA
Source: [DLUHC](#)

to hospital with injuries relating to violence living in areas of West Yorkshire that fall within the bottom 10% of the Indices of Multiple Deprivation index.⁵²

Evidence also indicates that minority communities are more likely to experience housing deprivation than white households. For example, Gypsy and Traveller households are 7.5 times more likely to experience housing deprivation, and many sites allocated to accommodate Gypsy and Traveller communities suffer disproportionately from issues such as noise and air pollution.⁵³

Access to green space and play

Green space and water environments are vital to the quality of our lives and the natural ecosystem. Only around a quarter of West Yorkshire residents have access to local natural green space which is accessible within a 5-10 minute walk.⁵⁴ There are also significant geographical variations – whilst two-thirds of West Yorkshire residents are within 2 kilometres of 20 hectare green space, such as a public park or garden, only 38% of Kirklees residents have this level of access.⁵⁵ Research also indicates that people from ethnic minority communities are twice as likely to live in an area with green space deprivation.⁵⁶ Data indicates that green space deprivation in West Yorkshire is most pronounced in Bradford and Calderdale, where people from ethnic minority backgrounds make up 57% and 60% of the population respectively.⁵⁷

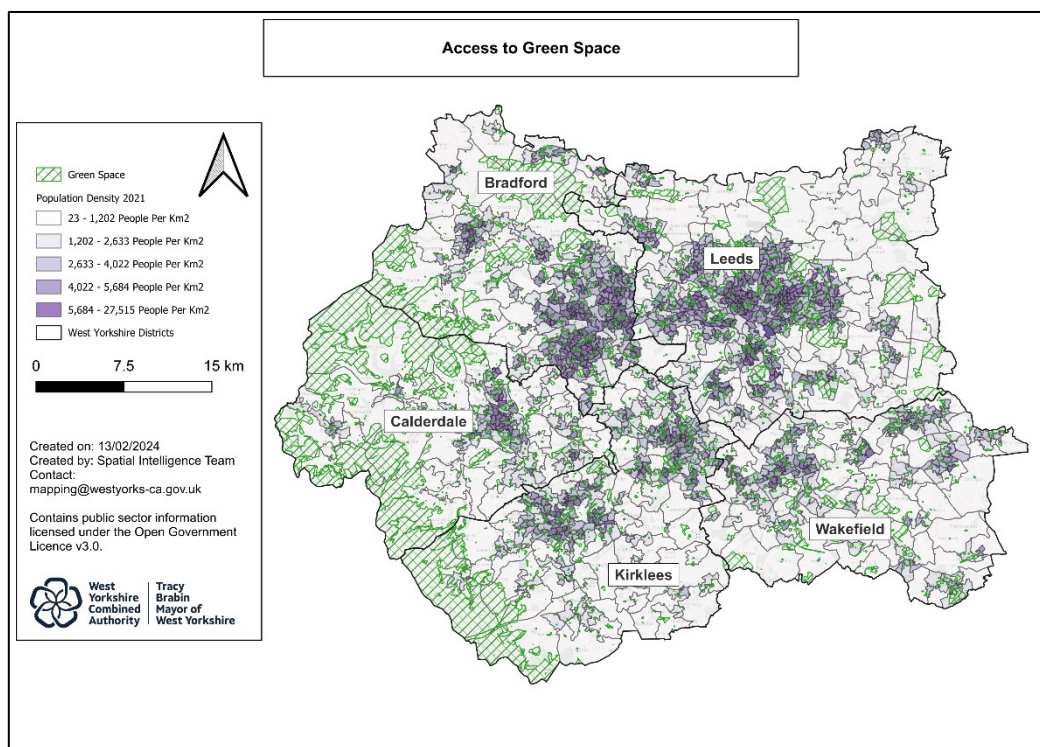


Figure 12 Access to greenspace (300m access to 2 HA greenspace)
 Source: ONS and Natural England, 2023

The importance of parks for health and wellbeing is widely documented, but the benefits of local parks are not always easily available to women and girls. Many women and girls across West Yorkshire feel unsafe in our parks, reflecting broader issues of safety that go beyond parks and public open spaces.⁵⁸

The availability of safe outdoor space is also important for the wellbeing of children across West Yorkshire, and play is a fundamental right recognised by the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child. However, some children do not have access to private outdoor space as part of their home environment and many are prevented from playing safely in the area surrounding their homes due to, for example, parked cars and traffic, or rubbish and litter.⁵⁹ Leeds is the first local authority in England to implement a full Play Sufficiency Assessment, which identifies the need for cross-service and cross-agency collaboration on an action plan to influence policies and approaches

to the built environment with the aim of developing attractive and liveable neighbourhoods for children, families and for all members of the community.

Safety of walking and cycling

Our [Transport Strategy 2040](#) sets an ambition for the region to become a safe place for cycling and walking, to improve the quality and liveability of our places. Safe walking and cycling infrastructure are key to inclusive growth, and support prosperity for people and businesses across West Yorkshire. Walking accounts for around 39% of all trips made by West Yorkshire residents, which is higher than the England average (33%).⁶⁰ Yet, cycle trips represent only around 0.2% of all trips made by West Yorkshire residents, much lower than the 2% average across England.⁶¹ West Yorkshire residents rely heavily on private car use, which accounts for 54% of trips across the region.⁶²

Resilience of infrastructure

Our homes need good quality infrastructure to thrive. This requires sustainable neighbourhoods with good access to local amenities and facilities that support a good quality of life. West Yorkshire is made up of a network of unique cities, towns and villages all with their own identities and proud cultures which provide the foundations of great places to live. Our Strategic Place Partnership focus areas embed principles of placemaking at their core, recognising the importance of place and infrastructure in creating a sustainable housing offer.

A particular challenge in parts of West Yorkshire is a high and increasing risk of flooding, compounded by the climate crisis. Our [West Yorkshire Climate and Environment Plan](#) recognises that some areas are under severe and constant threat, particularly in the wetter autumn and winter months. Around 3% of properties in West Yorkshire fall within a flood zone, rising to 6% in Calderdale, and flooding will become a more frequent occurrence due to climate change.⁶³

Digital connectivity, particularly fast and reliable broadband, is vital to the economic performance of West Yorkshire and to delivering inclusive growth. Levels of connectivity vary across our region. Leeds has the highest proportion of properties connected to full fibre, with nearly 80% of properties connected, whereas fibre connectivity remains much lower in Calderdale at 17%.⁶⁴

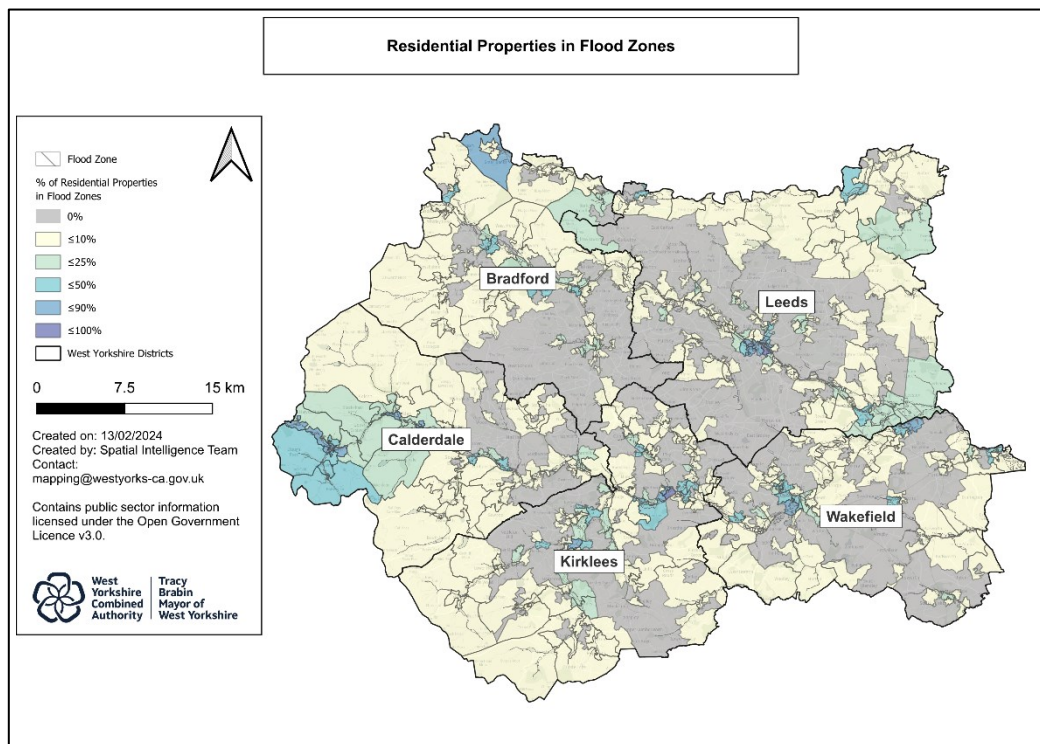


Figure 13 Residential Properties in Flood Zones
 Source: Environment Agency 2023

Outcomes

Improved neighbourhood safety and health through improvements in quality of place

We will work in a joined-up way across our region, in collaboration with colleagues such as the West Yorkshire Police, to ensure that housing within future and existing neighbourhoods supports the Safer Places and Thriving Communities priority set out in our existing [Police and Crime Plan](#). We will focus our investment in places that are in higher need with increased levels of deprivation as our data shows that people living in these communities are at higher risk of crime.

Support for developments with access to green space and space to play

We will support developments that improve access to green space and provide safe spaces to play close to home, focusing on those that make provision for areas that are currently more likely to face green space deprivation or insufficient space to play. We will continue to promote our [Safer Parks Guidance](#) and encourage cross-departmental working on women and girls' safety amongst our local authority partners, working towards safety and gender equity in green space, play and sports policies where they relate to housing development or interventions. As we develop delivery plans across our Spatial Priority Areas, we will embed considerations relating to access to green space, parks and space to play into our plans ensuring that quality of the natural environment is integral to our developments.

Support for developments that facilitate active travel

We will support developments that improve connectivity for active travel within our region, including safe walking, wheeling and cycling infrastructure. We will work within our Spatial Priority Areas and areas identified within our Strategic Place Partnership with Homes England to improve active travel infrastructure so that residents can safely make journeys using healthier modes of transport, making active travel the natural choice for short journeys.

Improved infrastructure resilience

We will work with our local authorities to leverage investment in community infrastructure creating sustainable places and improving access to amenities and facilities that are valued by local people. We are investing up to £22 million in West Yorkshire by backing an ambitious investment programme to reduce flood risk and to allow our communities and businesses to thrive, including our Natural Flood Management Programme, which focuses on reducing the frequency and damage caused by flooding, and our Flood Risk Management Infrastructure Programme. We will work with our local authority partners to ensure that current and future neighbourhoods have the climate-resilient infrastructure they need to thrive. Through our work on digital connectivity, we will continue to engage with the commercial sector to understand the reasons for market failure in certain areas, to ensure that all communities across our region have access to low-cost, high-speed internet. We will develop and implement a Digital Blueprint which will address areas of poor connectivity across the region.

Appendix 1 - Delivering our objectives

Objective 1: Boosting the supply of the right homes in the right places

Outcome	What we are doing now	What we are going to do (years 1-3)	Timescale	What we need to succeed
Deliver a robust pipeline of housing development opportunities aligned to well-connected places	We are working with partners to review and update our West Yorkshire Strategic Housing Pipeline and developing a pipeline of affordable homes with the West Yorkshire Housing Partnership	We will develop our networks and partnership working with alternative and innovative affordable housing providers such as community-led and co-housing partnerships.	Summer 2025	A long-term and sustainable increase in capacity and resource for Local Planning Authorities and associated services to accelerate the delivery of housing and related infrastructure.
	<p>We are optimising the use of public sector land through the West Yorkshire One Public Estate Partnership.</p> <p>We are aligning our approach with the principles of our Mass Transit Vision and the Bus Service Improvement Plan to connect our housing ambitions with economic opportunity.</p>	We will proactively align housing-led development opportunities with connectivity and infrastructure improvements such as mass transit to maximise the opportunity for good quality housing growth around transport hubs. This will include working to develop synergy between this Housing Strategy and our forthcoming update to the West Yorkshire Local Transport Plan (LTP).	Aligned to LTP development in 2024/25	<p>A single settlement that includes full flexibility of investment programmes aligned to housing and regeneration which are focussed on achieving better outcomes for people and place</p> <p>Recognition through national funding programmes of West Yorkshire's local market and geographical circumstances to ensure we can maximise delivery through existing and future funding programmes across all places.</p>
Support local authorities to deliver on housing need set out in local plans	<p>We are working with partners to unlock the housing pipeline of new and accelerated developments (for example through the £3.2m Housing Accelerator Fund [HAF])</p> <p>We are maximising the delivery of affordable housing as far as</p>	We will progress pipeline sites through to delivery by supporting marketing, disposal and delivery of housing to meet the delivery of over 9,000 homes per year on average (in line with projections set out in local plans).	<p>Quarterly pipeline review and monitoring underway</p> <p>Delivery of HAF</p>	<p>Greater certainty regarding the timescales of the Future Home Standard roll out and Government strategy ensure all homes are built to a net zero standard to meet</p>

	<p>possible through our capital investment programmes such as the Brownfield Housing Fund.</p>	<p>We will support local authorities to increase capacity across housing and planning teams to boost delivery by investing directly in local and regional resources.</p> <p>We will work with partners to support addressing the skills shortage and supply chain challenges across the sector, including using our own funding to leverage investment in apprenticeships and other programmes aligned to housing and development.</p> <p>We will embed the need for good quality and affordable homes in the development of our new regional economic strategy, creating joined up approaches between where people live and economic opportunity.</p>	<p>programme 2023/24 – 2025/26</p> <p>Ongoing – aligned to capital investment programmes</p> <p>Aligned to economic strategy development in 2024/25</p>	<p>West Yorkshire’s net zero by 2038 ambitions.</p>
<p>Increase in the homes delivered in areas identified as Spatial Priority Areas</p>	<p>We are working with Homes England and partners to develop and implement delivery models across the Strategic Place Partnership focus area projects.</p> <p>We have launched the West Yorkshire Housing Developer Forum to deepen our relationships with developers in the region to help us deliver strategic projects.</p>	<p>We will work with partners to explore new and flexible delivery models that support the development of the 16 focus area projects identified within the Strategic Place Partnership</p> <p>We will maximise the use of our devolved powers, functions and funds to accelerate the delivery of strategic projects working with our local authority partners.</p>	<p>Progression of delivery models for at least 7 SPP projects by March 2026</p> <p>Ongoing</p>	

		We will align our resources to deliver sustainable communities and prioritise regeneration which includes housing development (for example through aligning our Housing Accelerator Fund, Employment Land Accelerator Fund and SPA delivery model programmes)	March 2026 (aligned to completion of HAF, ELAF and SPA programmes)
Improvement in the number of sustainable homes developed	We are prioritising delivery on brownfield land by delivering the £89m Brownfield Housing Fund, unlocking at least 5,400 homes by March 2025.	<p>We will implement a brownfield and stalled site dashboard and toolkit to support developers to unlock brownfield and stalled site delivery.</p> <p>We will work with partners, such as Historic England, to maximise the opportunities to bring existing building back into use supporting residential development in sustainable locations.</p> <p>We will commission research to improve our understanding of MMC relevant to a West Yorkshire context and implement the recommendations working with Homes England.</p> <p>We will work with partners to prepare for the implementation of the Future Homes Standard and improve the number of homes developed to a net zero standard across West Yorkshire</p>	<p>Winter 2024</p> <p>Ongoing</p> <p>Summer 2024</p> <p>TBC (dependent for Future Homes roll out)</p>

Objective 2: Improving the provision of truly affordable and adaptable homes

Outcome	What we are doing now	What we are going to do (years 1-3)	Timescale	What we need to succeed
Increased delivery of affordable housing across all local authority areas	<p>We are working closely with the West Yorkshire Housing Partnership and Homes England to identify, unlock and support affordable housing delivery and to develop a robust pipeline across the region.</p> <p>We are ensuring that viability assessments supported through our Housing Accelerator Fund to maximise affordable housing contributions.</p> <p>We are boosting the delivery of affordable housing as far as possible through our capital investment programmes such as the Brownfield Housing Fund.</p>	<p>We will use our current and future investment in housing to leverage further affordable housing delivery across the region.</p> <p>We will use any new flexibilities gained through devolution of the Affordable Homes Programme to maximise affordable housing delivery, including supporting the delivery of council housing where appropriate.</p> <p>We will work with local authorities to align approaches to viability assessments through the planning system to simplify this process and provide clarity to developers on expectations of viability assessments across West Yorkshire</p>	<p>Ongoing (e.g. through BHF)</p> <p>TBC (dependent on Level 4 Devolution)</p> <p>Autumn 2024</p>	<p>Local control of future Affordable Homes Programme funds to ensure funding criteria and flexibilities are maximised in line with the regional market context as well as giving certainty to West Yorkshire providers of funding in the region</p> <p>Long term certainty that support for housing costs for those on low incomes, including local housing allowance, will keep pace with escalating costs of rent.</p> <p>Clarity and certainty about the settlement for Local Government finance in coming years, which will support the critical financial pressure of temporary accommodation faced by local authorities</p>
Improved access to the housing market for people on low incomes	We have undertaken research to understand the affordability of housing across our region across different tenures and in different neighbourhoods	We will focus our investment in the delivery of affordable housing and ensure this is maximised in areas under the greatest levels of affordability pressure.	Ongoing	As the Older Persons Housing Taskforce reports its findings in 2024, commitment to work with West Yorkshire Combined Authority to implement the recommendations building on the

West Yorkshire Housing Strategy 2040

<p>Support local authority partners to address housing need</p>	<p>We are working with our local authority partners to explore affordable housing delivery models and policy tools that can increase affordable housing delivery.</p>	<p>We will work with the five West Yorkshire local authorities to implement the recommendations of the affordable housing delivery models review seeking to increase the number of affordable homes delivered across the region.</p>	<p>Winter 2024/25</p>	<p>work of our Dementia Ready Housing Taskforce</p> <p>Greater funding certainty for the delivery of supported and specialist accommodation to meet the needs of our population.</p>
<p>Increased support for local authorities tackling homelessness</p>	<p>We are working with local authorities to identify current approaches to homelessness prevention and intervention and share best practice</p>	<p>We will review lessons learned from the three national housing first pilots and work with local authorities to identify areas where good practice can be applied to local areas.</p> <p>We will use our networks through the policing and crime teams to explore pathways to support prison leavers and those vulnerable to homelessness to secure safe and stable accommodation.</p> <p>We will continue to focus on providing affordable homes for families across West Yorkshire to support move-on from temporary accommodation into long term sustainable tenancies.</p>	<p>Autumn 2024</p> <p>Spring 2025</p> <p>TBC (further work with Local Authorities pending)</p>	

<p>Increased the level of accessible and adaptable housing</p>	<p>We have established a partnership agreement with the West Yorkshire Integrated Care Board that integrates housing as a core part of improving population health in West Yorkshire.</p> <p>We are driving forward dementia-ready housing across our region through the Mayor’s Dementia-Ready Housing Taskforce, and have secured adoption of our dementia-ready housing criteria by the West Yorkshire Housing Partnership.</p> <p>The West Yorkshire Housing and Health Network has led a successful Right-Sizing campaign to support residents to access properties that meet their needs.</p>	<p>We will work with local authorities to gain a greater understanding of supported housing need across the region to guide our investment.</p> <p>We will roll out our dementia-ready housing criteria in West Yorkshire, beginning with the West Yorkshire Housing Partnership members. We will monitor the number of new dementia-ready homes, and work with partners, including residents, to identify opportunities to improve the design of existing homes.</p> <p>We will work with the West Yorkshire Inclusivity Champion to ensure that the voice of West Yorkshire’s ageing population is fed into our work to deliver adaptable homes for life.</p> <p>We will identify the shortfall of new purpose-built housing for older people, such as extra care, to inform the development of programmes and interventions to increase delivery</p> <p>We will work with partners to help signpost people to housing options at an appropriate time, so that they can live comfortably and safely in their home.</p>	<p>Ongoing</p> <p>Ongoing – monitoring approach to be considered Winter 2024/24</p> <p>Ongoing</p> <p>Summer 2025</p> <p>Ongoing (linked to the rightsizing campaign)</p>	
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Objective 3: Improving the quality of our existing homes

Outcome	What we are doing now	What we are going to do (years 1-3)	Timescale	What we need to succeed
Work towards eliminating non-decent homes across West Yorkshire	We are aligning our investment in domestic net zero activity with the quality of housing overall, beginning with a focus on social housing through the Social Housing Decarbonisation Fund	<p>We will work with local authorities to develop our data and intelligence on the condition of housing stock in West Yorkshire to build a case for greater investment</p> <p>We will deliver a one-stop shop information and advice service to facilitate domestic retrofit and support residents to improve the thermal comfort of their homes.</p> <p>We will work to build climate resilience into our retrofit and decency work, to understand how our homes can support residents facing the impacts of our changing climate. We will ensure housing is considered as part of our updated Climate and Environment Plan.</p> <p>We will work with the West Yorkshire Housing Partnership to consider measures that improve safety in the home, starting with a focus on safety for victims of domestic abuse.</p>	<p>Summer 2025</p> <p>By Winter 2024/25</p> <p>Aligned to the Climate and Environment Plan refresh 2025</p> <p>Summer 2025</p>	<p>Long term flexible devolved funding and powers for net zero, including devolved monies for retrofit of West Yorkshire's homes, including freedoms and flexibilities relating to the installation of measures across social housing stock.</p> <p>Devolved funding to support improvements to the quality of our housing stock, starting with funding similar to the Social Housing Quality Fund devolved to other Mayoral Combined Authorities.</p> <p>Security of tenure for residents across West Yorkshire's private rented sector and a clear route to challenge poor conditions and hold landlords to account.</p> <p>Greater capacity for local authorities to take enforcement action against landlords providing poor quality housing in the private rented sector to improve quality for residents and subsequently improve health outcomes.</p>
Improve the quality of homes in the private rented sector	We are working with partners to identify good practice across the region and in other regions to look at new approaches and	We will work with local authorities and our partners to set out our expectations of a good quality private rented sector in West	Winter 2025/26	

	<p>interventions to improve the quality of homes in our private rented sector.</p>	<p>Yorkshire including a plan of how to improve quality across all tenures.</p> <p>We will work with local authorities to improve conditions across the private rented sector, focusing on ensuring that landlords who receive rent through public funds, in the form of local housing allowance, provide decent accommodation.</p> <p>We will launch a low-interest retrofit loan available to West Yorkshire small private landlords to support with financing the retrofit of their property.</p>	<p>Spring 2026 (following work on expectations of good quality PRS)</p> <p>May 2024</p>	
<p>Increase the number of low carbon homes to work towards our net-zero targets by 2038</p>	<p>We are developing our Better Homes Hub programme with a vision to ensure everyone in West Yorkshire can live in a warm, comfortable and low-carbon home, to support our net-zero ambitions.</p> <p>We are investing over £40 million to retrofit over 5,000 affordable homes using the Social Housing Decarbonisation Fund and match funding from partners</p> <p>We have launched the Mayor’s Big Climate Chat to help raise the profile of retrofit and what it means for residents across West Yorkshire.</p>	<p>We will develop a regional one-stop shop to provide advice and support directly to residents and landlords regarding measures to retrofit their homes stimulating demand for domestic retrofit.</p> <p>We will implement five area-based demonstrator projects that will test retrofit measures across different stock types and tenures across West Yorkshire</p> <p>We will launch a low-interest retrofit loan available to West Yorkshire residents to support homeowners with financing the retrofit of their property.</p>	<p>By Winter 2024/25</p> <p>Expected 2025</p> <p>May 2024</p>	

	<p>We are delivering a scheme which provides in-person advice on energy efficiency retrofit and tests approaches to engaging seldom-heard and digitally excluded groups.</p> <p>Alongside our local authority partners, we have gathered data and intelligence on the condition and energy efficiency of housing stock in West Yorkshire to inform targeting of retrofit interventions.</p> <p>We are working to understand existing and future skills needs and supply chain challenges across our region to support our domestic retrofit and renewables activity.</p>	<p>We will launch a residential collective buying scheme to provide more affordable technology for residents interested in installing solar panels.</p> <p>We will provide a grant of £5 million to the West Yorkshire Housing Partnership to install solar power generation and battery storage technologies on up to 1,500 social homes.</p> <p>We will launch a communications campaign to educate West Yorkshire residents on the benefits of energy efficiency retrofit and signpost to support.</p> <p>We will support interventions that deal with skills gaps and develop a robust and resilient supply chain for domestic retrofit and renewable activity.</p>	<p>Summer 2024</p> <p>Commencing delivery Spring 2024</p> <p>Commenced Winter 2024 with Mayors Big Climate Chat</p> <p>TBC</p>	
<p>Reduce the proportion of households in fuel poverty</p>	<p>We are delivering the Mayor’s £3 million Cost of Living Emergency Fund which helps frontline services to support people to meet basic needs such as food, heating, mental health support and emergency advice</p> <p>We are delivering a Local Energy Advice Demonstrator scheme which provides in-person advice on</p>	<p>We will continue to secure significant investment for the retrofitting of social housing through government funding streams like the Social Housing Decarbonisation Fund.</p> <p>We will work with West Yorkshire Housing Partnership to produce a coordinated investment plan for</p>	<p>Ongoing (current SHDF in delivery)</p> <p>Ongoing</p>	

	<p>energy efficiency retrofit, which targets seldom-heard and digitally excluded groups.</p>	<p>decarbonisation of social housing stock.</p> <p>We will deliver a one-stop shop information and advice service to facilitate domestic retrofit and support residents to improve the thermal efficiency and comfort of their homes.</p>	<p>By Winter 2024/25</p>	
<p>Reduce the incidence of health issues relating to housing quality</p>	<p>We are engaging with partners across the West Yorkshire Housing and Health Network and the Integrated Care Board to strengthen the links between housing, health and social care professionals.</p>	<p>We will work with the West Yorkshire Integrated Care Board and our partners to identify best practice and interventions to support improving health through better quality housing in the region</p> <p>We will deliver a one-stop shop information and advice service to facilitate domestic retrofit and support residents to improve the thermal efficiency and comfort of their homes.</p>	<p>Summer 2025</p> <p>By Winter 2024/25</p>	

Objective 4: Creating places that support the wellbeing of our residents

Outcome	What we are doing now	What we are going to do (years 1-3)	Timescale	What we need to succeed
Improved neighbourhood safety and health through improvements in quality of place	We are aligning our approach to place and housing with the Mayor's Police and Crime Plan, focusing on creating safer places and thriving communities.	<p>We will integrate safer places and developments through the review of the Policing and Crime Plan.</p> <p>We will invest in creating safe and healthy places focussing on those communities with higher levels of deprivation which are highlighted as at higher risk of crime.</p> <p>We will work with partners to build a consensus around what good quality places and high quality design means for West Yorkshire and adopt this across the region</p>	<p>By March 2025</p> <p>Ongoing</p> <p>Autumn 2025</p>	<p>A single settlement that includes full flexibility of investment programmes aligned to housing and regeneration which are focussed on achieving better outcomes for people and place</p> <p>Greater alignment of existing funds to maximise investment in places that support the wellbeing of residents</p>
Support for developments with access to green space and space to play	We have worked with partners to launch our Safer Parks Guidance that sets out ten principles of design and management for parks professionals to improve access for women and girls.	<p>We will work with partners to disseminate and implement our Safer Parks Guidance across the region.</p> <p>Through our work to invest in Spatial Priority Areas and our Strategic Place Partnership projects, we will integrate improved access to green space as part of our delivery model and development agreements across sites to improve the access to good quality green space.</p> <p>We will develop a Local Nature Recovery Strategy which drives a more co-ordinated and practical</p>	<p>Commenced Winter 2023/24</p> <p>2025/26 (as part of delivery model work)</p> <p>By Spring 2025</p>	

		<p>approach to integrating nature into communities whilst delivering nature-based benefits in our places.</p> <p>We will monitor the implementation of the Leeds City Council Play Sufficiency Assessment and Action Plan and look to facilitate opportunities for shared learning across the region.</p>	<p>From Summer 2024</p>	
<p>Support for developments that facilitate active travel</p>	<p>We are investing £23million of Active Travel Funding delivering cycle lanes, traffic free paths and ‘School Streets’ programmes to help make walking, wheeling and cycling the natural choice for short journeys across West Yorkshire</p> <p>We are working with local authorities to promote active travel programmes and leverage investment to support active travel through developer contributions</p>	<p>We will work across the housing pipeline to integrate active travel as the natural choice for short journeys from home by integrating this into our delivery plans.</p>	<p>2025/26 (as part of delivery model work)</p>	
<p>Improved infrastructure resilience</p>	<p>We are using our Housing Accelerator Fund programme to develop proposals and delivery plans for projects which seek to maximise resilient community infrastructure and investment in place making across our Strategic Place Partnership project areas.</p> <p>We are investing up to £22m across West Yorkshire to reduce flood risk</p>	<p>We will support the development of resilient places through the development and implementation of our wider strategies, such as our Local Nature Recovery Strategy and the Flood Innovation Programme.</p> <p>We will launch a new digital blueprint for West Yorkshire that will improve digital connectivity for West Yorkshire’s residents.</p>	<p>By Spring 2025</p> <p>By Winter 2024</p>	

	and allow our communities and businesses to thrive.	We will work with local authorities to develop delivery plans across our Spatial Priority Areas and Strategic Place Partnership projects that integrate community infrastructure to support the creation of sustainable places.	2025/26	
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Appendix 2 – Measuring our performance

We are developing a suite of performance indicators to measure performance against our objectives. The table below sets out some indicative measures that could be utilised for each objective. These measures will form part of a dashboard, which will be presented for scrutiny throughout the Housing Strategy period to ensure that we are on track to deliver.

Objective	Performance measure	Data source(s)	Current Performance
Objective 1 Boosting the supply of the right homes in the right places	Number of homes with planning permission on brownfield land compared with greenfield land	Housing Annual Monitoring Report – West Yorkshire Combined Authority	38,809 (Brownfield) 17,783 (Greenfield) (2022/23)
	Number of homes completed on brownfield land compared with greenfield land	Local authority intelligence	2,780 (Brownfield) 3,254 (Greenfield) (2022/23)
	Net additional dwellings	DLUHC Live Tables and/or Land Registry (mapping)	6,382 Net Additional Dwellings (2022/23)
	Number of homes delivered within Spatial Priority Areas/ Strategic Place Partnership focus areas	West Yorkshire Combined Authority monitoring	TBC – Not yet available
Objective 2 Increasing the provision of truly affordable, accessible and adaptable homes	Affordable housing delivery	DLUHC Live Tables	1,536 Gross Affordable Dwellings Delivered (2022/23)
	Rental affordability metric	Data on rents, household income and household expenditure (various sources)	Households in PRS that cannot afford median rent: 34% (WYCA rental affordability modelling)
	Local Housing Allowance – rental affordability	Local Housing Allowance rates Private Rental Market Statistics – ONS	See Table 1 (Page 17)
	Number of households on local authority waiting lists	DLUHC Live Tables	84,024 households on waiting lists (2023)
	Statutory homelessness	DLUHC Live Tables	12,246 statutory homeless households on waiting lists (2022/23)
	Households in temporary accommodation	DLUHC Live Tables	1,108 households in temporary accommodation (2022/23)

West Yorkshire Housing Strategy 2040

	Rough sleeper count	DLUHC Rough Sleeping Snapshot Local authority intelligence	63 Rough Sleeper Count (Snapshot, 2022)
	Supported accommodation pipeline and delivery	TBC	TBC – Not yet available
Objective 3 Improving the quality of our existing homes	Percentage of homes that meet the Decent Homes Standard	English Housing Survey modelling Local authority intelligence Stock condition surveys	79.34% meet the Decent Homes Standard (2019 Stock Modelling)
	Number of homes in the private rented sector with HHSRS hazards	DLUHC Local Authority Housing Survey Local authority intelligence Stock condition surveys	PRS properties with Category 1 Hazard(s): 21% (2019 Stock Modelling)
	EPC ratings of residential dwellings	Energy efficiency of housing data – ONS	394,000 (38%) of dwellings estimated as EPC of C or above (October 2023)
	Percentage of households in fuel poverty	BEIS statistics and West Yorkshire Combined Authority modelling	285,000 (29%) estimated of households in fuel poverty (January 2024)
Objective 4 Creating resilient places that support the wellbeing of our residents	Percentage of dwellings with easy access to green space	ONS/ Natural England	23% have 'easy' access to greenspace (2023)
	Active travel – share of trips by mode	National Travel Survey	39.2% of trips made by walking (39%) or cycling (0.2%) (2021)
	Percentage of properties with gigabit-capable internet coverage	ThinkBroadband	85% of properties have gigabit capable internet (2023)
	Percentage of properties in flood zones	ONS/ Environment Agency	3% of residential properties in a flood zone (2023)
	Perceived risk of household crime	Crime Survey England and Wales	1.1% feel at risk of personal crime (2022/23)
	Perceived risk of personal crime	Crime Survey England and Wales	8.6% feel at risk of household crime (2022/23)

Glossary

Accessible housing	Housing that enables or supports independent living for people with disabilities or illness.
Affordability	We consider affordability using the proportion of household income spent on housing costs. We have undertaken detailed modelling on rental and home purchase affordability using publicly available data and models which allow us to compare disposable income with the cost of housing. The UK government has generally viewed a housing cost to income ratio over 30% as unaffordable, and so we have adopted that threshold in our analysis.
Affordable housing	Housing for sale or rent, for those whose needs are not met by the market as per the National Planning Policy Framework.
Brownfield land	Land which is or was occupied by a permanent structure (often also referred to a Previously Developed Land) as per the National Planning Policy Framework.
Community-led housing (CLH)	Housing developed by a not-for profit organisation set up and run primarily for the purpose of meeting the housing needs of its members and the wider local community, rather than being a primarily commercial enterprise.
Homelessness duties	Statutory duties of local authorities to support people to prevent or relieve homelessness.
Retrofit (domestic)	Works undertaken improve the thermal efficiency and air tightness and/or installing renewable technologies where appropriate.
Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs)	An organisation that has fewer than 250 employees and a turnover of less than £25 million.
Spatial Priority Area (SPA)	The largest and/or most strategic growth opportunities across West Yorkshire, agreed with local authorities.
Strategic Place Partnership	A collaboration agreement between West Yorkshire Combined Authority and Homes England which sets out our joint objectives for the region and strategic housing-led development projects aligned to Spatial Priority Areas.
Self-Build	Housing built by an individual, a group of individuals or persons working with or for them, to be occupied by that individual as per the National Planning Policy Framework.
West Yorkshire Housing Partnership (WYHP)	A partnership of housing associations operating in West Yorkshire.

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All information correct at time of writing